Rs. 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI. NO. 194 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1918. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMER of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf, and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to:
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet: 167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage: 462,000.
The following regular services are maintained:—
(1) From Bombay to Japan Ports via Singapore and Hongkong.
(2) From Bombay to Marseilles via Djibouti and Port Said.
(3) From Bombay to Italian Ports via Port Said.
Freight and particulars of sailings can be obtained on application to the undersigned.
M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

DROPS OF INK!
MAKE MILLIONS THINK!!
and to write with a bad Ink
IS A BLUNDER.
"Inkocine" marks the highest perfection in ink making.
Try and reap its benefit.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY No. 4.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,350,000

Head Office:
20, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumo
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin		
Cochin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank,
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE
payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.
DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Temporary Office—Wallace Street,
FORT, Bombay.
BRANCH—CALCUTTA.
London Agents:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ...	12,00,00,000/
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	7,00,00,050/
PAID-UP CAPITAL	69,76,745/-

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Sir Sassoon David, Bart.
Sir R. N. Mookerjee, K.C.I.E.
Sir Francis Stewart, Kt.
Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., LL.D.
R. D. Tata, Esq.
F. E. Dinshaw, Esq.
F. C. Rimington, Esq.
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.
Hajee Gulam Mahomed Ajam, Esq.
The Hon'ble Mr. Purshottamdas Thakordas
A. J. Bilimoria, Esq.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000/- at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum. If the balance to the credit of any account does not fall below Rs. 25,000/- at any time between 1st January and 30th June, interest will be allowed during that period at 2¾ per cent. per annum. No interest is allowed unless th sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3/- half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASE AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased an collected and every description of Bankin and exchange business undertaken.
JAMES MACPHAIL,
Acting General Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.
The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—
Interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.
Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £582,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £582,500
Reserve Fund £650,000
HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. A. ROBERTSON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay

"NOW"
Is a short word with a long meaning
* * *
If you put off doing something it is frequently never done.
* * *
If all Cash Dealers in Bombay will make a point of investing their takings for one day in the week in War Loan it will make a big big figure in a month.
* * *
It is surely better business to Invest voluntarily rather than wait for the Government to Tax you.
* * *
WAR LOAN BUREAU,
Esplanade Road,
BOMBAY.

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 23,100,000
HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at
Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen, Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.
N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

BANKING

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 12,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING

SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN.
ISSUE OF
5½ per cent. Income-tax free War Bonds repayable at par in 1921.
5½ per cent. Income-tax free War Bonds repayable at par in 1923.
5½ per cent. Income-tax free War Bonds repayable at Rs. 103 in 1925.
5½ per cent. Income-tax free War Bonds repayable at Rs. 105 in 1928.
Applications for the above may be made on and after June 3rd through—
THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION
C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.
Incorporated in England by ROYAL CHARTER 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,000
HEAD OFFICE
38, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hongkong	Penang
Bangkok	Iloilo	Puket
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Karachi	Saigon
Calcutta	Klang	Seremban
Canton	Kobe	Shanghai
Cebu	Kwala Lumpor	Singapore
Colombo	Madras	Sourabaya
Delhi	Manila	Taiping (F.M.S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy
Haiphong	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Peking	Yokohama

The CORPORATION sell DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal commercial cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients also received for Safe Custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and for shorter periods a rates which may be ascertained on application.
J. KEENAN,
Agent.

VICTORY
OVER
CONSUMPTION.

Eminent Doctor investigates my cures, writes 3rd July:—
"I am very deeply impressed. Certainly you appear to have had excellent results with your treatment, especially in your wife's case and also in Mr. (a well known Government official)." Should my wife's case prove successful, you will find me a staunch supporter."

LIEUT.-COLONEL DELIGHTED AT MY GREAT SUCCESS
writes:—
"I must say that I could not have believed possible such a rapid and thorough change of health as your patient has shown."

VISIT TO BOMBAY
INTERVIEW FREE.
Orient Hotel.
15th August—4 to 7 p.m.
16th August—10 a.m. to 1 p.m., 4 to 8 p.m.
Please write for free interview, as several were unable to see me last time.

BOMBAY STUDENT CURED writes 20th July:—
"I am now quite well and fit and hope to join my College in Bombay next November."

ANOTHER DOCTOR marvels at my success. Letter 21st July:—
"He marvels at the improvement, which he had been watching very closely. He has strongly advised a continuation of your treatment."

BOMBAY LADY writes 24th July:—
"Her health is much better and no fever at all, and every day is improving."
This lady spent several months at Panchgani under Dr. Bilimoria, result fever very high, weight reduced, blood in sputum, condition almost "Hopeless."
REV. G. R. WALTERS,
M.L., B A., T.C.D., LLD.
LONAVLA.

WE GUARANTEE
OUR GRAND RANGES OF
SILK AND EMBROIDERY.
OUR SILK AND EMBROIDERY ARE USED ALL OVER INDIA
BY
(1) *Rajahs and Maharajas*
(2) *Ranis and Maharanis*
(3) *High Class Ladies and Gentlemen*
We are "cheap." Why? No middleman's profit,
AHMED E. ESAALI Empire Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.
Incorporated in England by ROYAL CHARTER 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,000
HEAD OFFICE
38, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
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Canton	Kobe	Shanghai
Cebu	Kwala Lumpor	Singapore
Colombo	Madras	Sourabaya
Delhi	Manila	Taiping (F.M.S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy
Haiphong	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Peking	Yokohama

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REV. G. R. WALTERS,
M.L., B A., T.C.D., LLD.
LONAVLA.

SALE BY AUCTION

MODY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
Meeows Street, Fort, opp. New Share Bazar.

SALE ON MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1918, AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).
BONA-FIDE SALE.
AUCTION SALE OF THE STOCK-IN-TRADE OFFICE FURNITURE, IRON SAFE, MOTOR CAR, MOTOR LORRY, ELECTRIC LAMPS AND REQUISITES RUBBER GOODS, ETC., BELONGING TO THE CEDAR ELECTRICAL AND ENGINEERING CO.
HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 461 of 1918.
Bhagwanlal Premji Worah ..... Plaintiff
vs.
Charles Dutt and others ..... Defendants.
Under instructions from Mr. Bhagwanlal Premji Worah and Mr. Charles Dutt, Joint Receivers appointed in the above suit and pursuant to the Consent Order made on the 1st day of August, 1918, in the said suit the undermentioned goods belonging to the Cedar Electrical and Engineering Co. will be put up for sale by Public Auction by Messrs. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, in the office of the said Cedar Electrical and Engineering Co., in Meadows Street, opposite New Share Bazar on MONDAY, the 19th day of August, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.). 5,276 Pcs. Royal Ediswan M. F. Lamps 230 Volts, assorted candle power, about 300 lbs. D. C. C. Wire No. 19-20, 366 pieces carbon filament lamps, 87 pieces dry battery, 286 pieces Holland made ¼ Watt lamps, 200, 300 and 500 candle power, 230 volts and 110 volts, 9 coils Calendar cables sizes 3/20, and 7/20, and 7/18—2500 M. G. M., 80 pieces Japanese M. P. lamps, 33 lengths I. R. suction hose, 2 rolls weighing about 242 lbs. Asbestos wire woven cloth, sizes 1/8in. and 1/16in., 67 Reams brown packing papers, 10 cwts. asbestos Mill Board, 1 roll canvas delivery hose 2½in. Japanese, 28 boxes Bristol steel lacing, 31 pairs Morris patent instantaneous couplings, 1 hand fire extinguisher, 2 tons compressed asbestos jointing "Culmino" sizes 1/8in., 1/16in., and 1/32in., 1 iron safe by Kanhialal and Sons, tables, chairs, cupboards, tools and implements, 1 motor car, "Vulcan" make, 1 motor lorry with platform body suitable for carrying purposes make "Orleans." 2 Motor Tyres and 2 Tubes Dunlop make. These two motor cars can be seen at the Bombay Motor Car Co., Elphinstone Circle.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance will have to be paid and goods taken delivery of within 8 days.
Property on view.
MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 15th August, 1918.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE OF 7 BALES LIEPMANN WHITE SHIRTING NO. 7.
Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will on THURSDAY, the 15th August, 1918, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Sale room, the following.
By order of Mr. A. Meyer and on account and at the risk of the party concerned.
5 bales each 100 pieces white shirting Liepmann No. 7.
Ex. S. S. GLENDHEE.
By order of Aga Mirza Mahmood Shirazee and on account and at the risk of the defaulting buyers Messrs. C. Patel and Co. of Gunbox Street.
2 bales each 100 pieces Liepmanns white shirting No. 7.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the purchaser and the balance shall be paid within three days against delivery order.

SALE OF 25 BALES WHITE PIECE-GOODS.
Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st August, 1918, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms, the following:—
By order of E. E. Elisha Sassoon, Esq., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting buyer Mr. K. E. Ebhraim of New Nagpada:—
Ex. S. S. "Clan Gordon."
4 bales each 50 pieces Sassoon's White Nainsooks No. 999.
Ex. S. S. "Castalia."
6 bales each 50 pieces Sassoon's White Nainsooks No. 999.
Ex. S. S. "Elysia."
3 bales each 100 pieces Sassoon's White Shirting No. 170.
Ex. S. S. "City of Agra."
3 bales each 100 pieces Sassoon's White Shirting No. 170.
10 bales each 100 pieces Sassoon's White Shirting No. 170.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchasers and the balance shall be paid within three days against delivery order.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 15th August, 1918.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Wanted," "To be Let," "For Sale" and other sundry Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be strictly prepaid:

Advertisements not exceeding 20 words Re. 1 *per insertion; every additional word* one anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p. m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Rs. 1-8 per inch. No display allowed.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION.

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.
DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	.. Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly	.. „ 16-0	„ 18-0
Quarterly	.. „ 8-0	„ 9-0
Monthly	.. „ 3-0	„ 3-8
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	..Rs. 5-0	Rs 6-0
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

QUETTA LOVELY FRUITS.—Rosy Peaches No. 20 or 24 Rs. 7/8; Grapes Seedless and Long 8 lbs. Rs. 6 and Rs. 7; Delicious Pears No. 12 Rs. 7/4, delivery free. The SINDH & BALUCHISTAN TRADING COY., Quetta, Tel. "Beauty." 1260

FRIDAY—From 1st March, 1918, MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, will hold bona-fide auctions every FRIDAY at 2-30 p.m. Owners are not allowed to bid. Come and buy just what you want. You'll get it cheap.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT have bought over 5,000 "EMPIRE TYPEWRITERS." What better test of efficiency and durability? Catalogue from CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO, 281, Hornby Road, Fort. 1

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Experienced EURASIAN CLERKS in Mill Line for a local Spinning and Weaving Mill. Apply stating terms with copies of testimonials to Box No. 706, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1250

WANTED—An expert TYPIST, well acquainted with Fire Insurance business. Apply to Box No. 714, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1268

WANTED—A COMPOSITOR for Aden, wages Rs. 30 rising to Rs. 40 per month with board and lodging. Apply to Box No. 709, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1267

WANTED for a shipping office, a young CLERK, knowing typewriting. Apply with terms to Box No. 692, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1190

WANTED—2 experienced CIVIL ENGINEERS. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to HUZUR OFFICE, Gondal, Kathiawar. 1177

WANTED—SHORT-HAND TYPIST. Apply stating experience and terms to Messrs. SOONDERDAS & Co., Solicitors, 1 Hamam Street. 1138

WANTED—A first class MECHANICAL ENGINEER having good experience. Apply stating terms to:—HIRALAL RAMGOPAL, Wardha. 1265

WANTED—An able TYPIST with knowledge of Shorthand preferred, for outstation. Wages Rs. 45 rising to Rs. 70 per month with free board and lodging. Apply to Box No. 710, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" 1276

WANTED—Two smart SHORTHAND-TYPISTS, well up in English. Pay and prospects according to qualifications. Apply Messrs. MULLA and MULLA, Solicitors, Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road. 1238

WANTED—A whole-time GOVERNESS to teach children for a Mahomedan family, residing at Nepean Sea Road, Bombay. Apply to Box No. 712, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1279

WANTED—A TELEGRAPH INSPECTOR with qualifications of Government Telegraph Master. Retired Government servant preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials stating pay required to the MANAGER and ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF, G. P. State Railway, Gondal. 1243

WANTED—A qualified VETERINARY GRADUATE as MANAGER for the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals. One experienced in the line and one who could control labour preferred. Quarters free. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to the SECRETARY, 391, Hornby Road, Fort. 1271

SITUATION WANTED.

25 years long experienced First Class Mechanical Engineer M.I.M.E., also experience of mill throughout, seeks better chance as Engineer in Local mill, present working as Chief Engineer. Apply Box No. 132, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" 651

WANTED.

WANTED—Independent or as a sub-tenant OFFICE ROOM on ground floor or 1st storey in Hummum Street, Medows Street, Apollo Street, Bruce Lane or Tamarind Lane. Apply KARSANDAS GOCULDAS, 70, Apollo Street. 1240

WANTED.

WANTED—An experienced TRAVELLING AGENT to canvas business in Southern and Northern India. See personally. M. P. MUNSHI & Co., 210, Khokha Bazar, Bombay No. 3. 1261

WANTED—CAPITALIST, sleeping or working partner, to invest Rs. 1,000 or more or less. Guaranteed profit cent per cent. Open to thorough demonstration. Apply sharp Box 713, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1282

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A New BUNGALOW on Harvey Road, Gamdevi. Apply to Box No. 686, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle". Brokers need not trouble. 1165

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES 9 lbs. nett Rs. 4, all charges included by V. P. parcel post. CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Punjab. 629

FOR SALE.—DISINFECTING FLUID, Anchor Brand, in gallons and bulk. Apply DURANTE & PAUL, 15, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. 1193

FOR SALE—About 1,500 square yards of pension and tax land at the junction of Sandhurst Bridge Road and Hughes Road, Chowpatti. Apply MHATRE'S ART STUDIO, Chowpatti, Bombay 7. 1206

FOR SALE—(LADIS) MACHINE POLISHED, Tandur and Navandgi (white); Madras (black) of sizes. Apply to MANAGER Marble Factory Company, 1, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. 864

TO BE LET.

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder. Rooms facing Yacht Club, and Apollo Pier Road, Rents from Rs. 27 to Rs. 125. Apply to MANAGER 616

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WANTED.

WANTED—For employment at the BOMBAY WIRELESS STATION, a EUROPEAN or ANGLO-INDIAN MECHANIC. Good knowledge of fitting and turning essential. Pay Rs. 150, rising by annual increments of Rs. 10 to Rs. 200 per mensem with free quarters. Apply in person with certificates of previous employment to the Undersigned.

G. A. HOPKINS,
Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering,
Bombay Division.
1239

NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed that the Offices of the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, Bombay Branch, will be REMOVED to BALLARD PIER ROAD on and after the 18th August, 1918, and all communications are to be addressed thereto from that date.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
5th August, 1918. 1140

NOTICE.

ANY persons having legitimate claims against the estate of the late Commander W. G. Taylor, R.I.M., who died at Bushire on the 30th July, 1918, are requested to forward claims together with vouchers to Commander C. A. Scott, D.S.O., R.I.M., President, Committee of Adjustment, Government Dockyard, Bombay, by the 15th September, 1918, after which date no claim will be considered.

C. A. SCOTT,
Commander R.I.M.,
President, Committee of Adjustment.
1216

THE CENTURY SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.

GRESHAM BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registrated Office of the Company at Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the twenty-second day of August, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when the subjoined Resolutions which were passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 8th day of August 1918, will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions.

RESOLUTIONS.

1. That the Memorandum of the Company be altered by the addition thereto of the following sub-clause after sub-clause VII of Clause 3 thereof, namely:—

VII (A).—To purchase or otherwise accept leases of land with or without buildings thereon suitable for dwellings for the accommodation of all or any of the persons employed by the Company, and to erect such dwellings either on any land so acquired or on any other land of the Company.

2. That Article 72 of the Articles of Association of the Company be altered by the addition thereto of the following sub-clause after sub-clause VII thereof, namely:—

VII (A).—To purchase or otherwise acquire or accept leases of land with or without buildings thereon suitable for dwellings for the accommodation of all or any of the persons employed by the Company, and to erect such dwellings either on any land so acquired or on any other land of the Company.

3. That Article 30 of the Articles of Association of the Company be altered by striking out from the second line thereof the word "ten" and substituting in lieu thereof the word "fourteen."

4. That Article 71 of the Articles of Association of the Company me altered by striking out from the fifth line thereof the word "thirty" and substituting in lieu thereof the word "fifty."

Dated the 8th day of August 1918.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
C. N. WADIA & Co.,
1256 Agents.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CINEMAT DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

MR. ARDESHIR M IRANI, of Messrs. B. Ardeshir, & Co., having joined in the management of the India Branch of the Universal Film Mfg. Company, at Bombay, it is hereby notified that Mr. Ardeshir of Messrs. B. Ardeshir & Co., has ceased as from the 1st day of June, 1918, to deal in Cinema films either for sale or for hire.

B. ARDESHIR & Co.
1268

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 21st instant, that day being a Public Holiday (Cocoanut Day) under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 13th August, 1918. 1252

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE SOCIETY.

WANTED—A Trained Resident KINDERGARTEN MISTRESS with knowledge of Drawing and Needlework, up to Standard V. Salary according to qualifications with board, lodging and laundry. Applicants should state their religion, nationality and age.

Apply with copies of testimonials to the LADY SUPERINTENDENT, Scottish Orphanage, Mahim, Bombay. 1234

BANDRA MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE

AN AUCTION SALE of the right of occupancy of Municipal land at Chapel Road and Bandra Hill for eight days (8th to 15th September, 1918, both days inclusive) during the ensuing Mount Mary Feast will be held at the Municipal Office on TUESDAY, the 20th August, 1918, at 6-30 p.m

Full particulars can be obtained at the Municipal Office from the Municipal Engineer

N. D. MEHTA.
Chief Officer.
Bandra Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Bandra 8th August, 1918. 1212

NOTICE.

THE SASSOON SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an INTERIM DIVIDEND at the rate of Rupees One Hundred per share free of Income Tax for the half year ending 30th June, 1918, has been declared and made payable on and after THURSDAY, the 5th September, 1918, to those shareholders whose names appear on the Company's Register on the 22nd of August, 1918.

The Dividend Warrants will be posted to the registered addresses of the shareholders in due course.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd to 29th August, 1918, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
FRAMROZ RUSTOMJEE MISTREE,
Secretary.
3, Forbes Street, Fort,
Bombay, 13th August, 1918. 1277

CIVIL ADMINISTRATION, NAGAR AVELI

(Portuguese Territory.)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 30th instant, at 2 o'clock p.m. (S. T.), at the Administrator's Office at Silvassa (via Daman Road Station, B. B. C. I. Ry), a PUBLIC AUCTION is to be held for the sale of all the forest products contained in the two valuable and never exploited Forests of Oombarkui and Bonta, in accordance with the terms and conditions published in the "Portuguese Government Gazette," (Boletim Official) No. 64, dated 9th instant.

There is a great variety of trees in the above said forests and all of different kinds available for constructions.

It will be permitted to the Purchasers to reduce to Charcoal wood that they may wish.

The terms and conditions can also be seen at the said Office on every Office-day.

Silvassa, dated 12th August, 1918.

(Sd.) F. X. M. SOARES DA VEIGA,
Administrator.
1269

THE KATNI CEMENT & INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Interim Dividends for the half year ending 30th June, 1918, have been declared, namely:—

Rs. 3-8-0 per share less Income Tax on Preference Shares.

Re. 10 per share less free of Income Tax on Ordinary Shares.

Rs. 30-0-0 per share free of Income Tax on Deferred Shares.

The above Interim Dividends are payable on and after 5th September between the hours of 12 noon and 3 p.m., (S.T.), excepting Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays, to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on the 16th August, 1918.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 16th to 30th August, 1918, both dates inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
1161 Agents.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership subsisting between Messrs. DINSHAW DOSSABHOY CURRANEE, CAWASJEE DADABHOY DAROOWALLA and SORABJI RUSTOMJI MASTER all carrying on business in Bombay and elsewhere under the style or firm of Dinshaw D. Curranee & Co., has been DISSOLVED by reason of the death of the said Dinshaw Dossabhoy Currance so far as concerns his estate as from the 21st day of March, 1918.

All debts due to and owing by the said late firm after that date will be received and paid respectively by the said Cawasjee Dadabhoy Daroowalla and Sorabji Rustomji Master, who will continue to carry on the said business in partnership under the style or firm of Dinshaw D. Curranee & Co.

Dated at Bombay this 9th day of August, 1918.

WADIA GHANDY & Co.,
Attorneys for the Executors of the Will
1274 of the late Dinshaw Dossabhoy Curranee.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. PIROJSHAW DHUNJIBHOY PATEL of Bombay, Parsi inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client Mr. LALDAS MAGANLAL, the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 3, Church Gate Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land containing an area of 892 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 43 of the Gamdevi Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay bounded on the North-East by Alexandra Road on the South-East by Plots Nos. 41 and 42 of the said estate leased to Abdullabhoy Jivanji and Sarafally Ebrahimji on the South-West by land of the said Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay laid out as a service passage and on the North-West by Plot No. 44 leased to Dhunjishaw Hormusji Saidhva and others and forms portion of land bearing New Survey No. 7335, together with the dwelling house and servants' quarters each consisting of a ground floor and 2 upper floors erected thereon and which said premises are now in the occupation of the abovenamed lessee and his under-tenants and are assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 2883 (14), Street No. 3.

Dated this 13th day of August, 1918.

DHARAMSI & Co.,
1278 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients have contracted to purchase from Mr. MONA DHARAMSEY and Bai BHANIBAI, widow of Punja Jeewan, the property more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title interest, claim or demand whatsoever in, to or upon or in the respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, sale, lease, lien, equitable mortgage or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay and also to the undersigned at their office at 35, Medows, Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without any reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will then be considered to have been waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the bunglow or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Lady Jamsetjee Road, or Hansali Tank Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing or reputed to contain by admeasurement 3,920 square yards be the same more or less being and forming a portion of a larger piece or plot of land admeasuring 8,780 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 618, New No. 4542, Old Survey No. 363, New Survey No. 1/1443 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward G. Nos. 4294 to 4297 and 4298 (1) and 4298 (2) and Street Nos. 654 to 658 and 658 A and are bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the West and South by the property of the Purchasers formerly a portion of the said larger plot on or towards the East by the said Lady Jamsetjee or Hansali Tank Road and on or towards the North by a public passage.

Dated this 13th day of August, 1918.

SABNIS & GOREGAOKER,
1270 Purchasers' Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

26, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3402.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 20,000 PIECES UNSERVICEABLE ARMY BOOTS.

By order of the Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 23rd day of August, 1918, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), in the compound of the Howard and Bullough Mills, on De Lisle Road, Chinchpoogly:—

About 20,000 pieces Unserviceable Army Boots.

Cash will be required on the lot being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE ON TUESDAY, 20TH AUGUST, 1918, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of August, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Fire Brigade Quarters, Hornby Road, Fort, very valuable household furniture comprising dining table, chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meat safes, rich glass and porcelainware, plateware, marble top tables, upholstered drawing room suite, handsome cabinets, rich carpets, flower vases, table ornaments, pictures, single and double bedsteads, mirror and panel door almyrahs, chest of drawers, clothes and gown presses, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, glass door cupboards, sofas, easy chairs, sweet-toned cottage piano by A. H. Francke, church organ, etc., etc.

The property of the late Mr. C. W. Rose of Fire Brigade, Bombay and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 15th August, 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

The Auction Sale of the Cigarette manufacturing requisites, etc., advertised to take place on 16th August, 1918, is POSTPONED until further notice.

AUCTION SALE OF TEAK AND BLACKWOOD HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, PHONOGRAPHS, RECORDS, ETC.

On SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, teak and blackwood household and office furniture, such as rich silk tapestry lined suites of sofas and chairs, glass and panel door cupboard, dressing chest of drawers, office writing table, roll-top table, card table, safe, leather lined and carved reclining sofas, glass-door book cases, wooden single and double bedsteads, baba cots, dirty cloth baskets, steel trunks, hatstands, plain tiled and folding teapoys, carpets, galichas, phonographs, records, crockeryware, etc.

AT 3 P.M. (S. T.)

1 lot motor mechanics requisites including Woodmilne, Grimstone and Continental tyres, Grimstone and Baites tubes and 1 Adler typewriting machine, etc., etc.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 13th August, 1918.

BENNETT & CO.

The sale of landed properties at Mahim Wazawadi and Mahim Custom Road advertised to take place to-day is POSTPONED, until further Notice.

The sale of landed property at Mahim near Wazawadi Mosque advertised to take place to-day is POSTPONED until further Notice.

BENNETT & Co.,
Bombay, 15th Aug. 1918.

AMUSEMENTS.

PALACE
OF VARIETIES
GAIETY THEATRE
GREAT GALA NIGHT AND CHANGE
At 6-30 **TO-NIGHT** At 10 p. m
THE GAIETY CO.
presents
LAST WEEK OF
Continued SUCCESS of the inimitable
ALBERT MORROW
All New Programme
COMPLETE CHANGE
You see what you don't see and don't see what you think you see.
If you just nod to a friend
You Miss a Trick.
A rapid series of original surprises introducing
DORRIS LEE
MENTAL TELEPATHIST
Ask her anything, she will tell you communications passing between living minds through channels other than the known sensory ones.
GREAT HIT MADE BY
GORDON FORBES
all new act including
MIMICRY.....Hear his WONDERFUL IMITATIONS OF cats, birds, dogs, lions, etc.
EDWARD LUPIN
at a piano.
in his humorous entertainment.
MISS NORAH MOORE
in a repertoire of patriotic songs.
CH. MORRIS
in comedy songs and dances.
Saturday, August 17th, at 4-45
SPECIAL MATINEE FOR CHILDREN.

THE EMPIRE
TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
GLADYS HULETTE
in the delightful Pathe Gold Rooster play of newspaper life in a small city
"OVER THE HILL"
In addition at 6-30 p. m. performance only
BOMBAY WAR LOAN SINGERS
Who will sing their popular War Loan Song
"THE MAN WHO BROKE THE BANK"
IN GUJARATI
NEXT SATURDAY: Shakespeare's Classic Masterpiece
"ROMEO & JULIET"
Featuring: FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN & BEVERLEY BAYNE.

THE MAJESTIC
TRAM TERM., GIRGAUM
Presents The Universal "Butterfly" feature
The Secret Man
featuring Harry Carey and Little Elizabeth Janes directed by Francis Ford
showing how an escaped convict redeemed himself by sacrificing his chances for freedom to save a child's life
together with a two-part Comic SOAPSUDS & SIRENS and the latest number of
The Universal Screen Magazine.
TIME & PRICES AS USUAL.

A terrifying figure, he slinks through the story of
The Hidden Hand
the amazing mystery serial produced by
PATHE
His knowledge is fifty years in advance of the times. Science is his ally. Frightfulness is one of his weapons. Thrills? Yes! Action? Yes! Suspense? Yes! You will be held from the first to the last episode.
A Stellar Cast Featuring the Beautiful
DORIS KENYON
with SHELDON LEWIS of "Iron Claw" and "Exploits of Elaine" fame, ARLINE PRETTY and MAHLON HAMILTON
Written by Arthur B. Reeve, author of "Craig Kennedy" stories, and Chas. A. Logue.
TO-NIGHT
EXCLUSIVELY AT
IMPERIAL
THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY.
TIME—7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m.

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AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Next Saturday at 6-30

Commences the 1st Episode of a New and Exciting Serial

"SOCIAL PIRATES"
The New Excelsior Serial.

THERE WILL BE 15 EPISODES
AND
TWO WILL BE SHOWN EVERY WEEK
Remember the title

"SOCIAL PIRATES"
2 Complete stories every week.

EACH EPISODE WILL BE
A COMPLETE STORY

"SOCIAL PIRATES"
Commences next Saturday.

THE EXCELSIOR

Lessees: The Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld.

TO-NIGHT at 9-30

T. DANIEL FRAWLEY
Presents the
Frawley Comedy Co.

To-Night Thurs. 15th August
"It Pays to Advertise"
Friday 16th August
"THE HOUSE OF GLASS"
Sat. & Sun. 17th & 18th August
"FAIR & WARMER"
Sunday Reduced Price Matinee at 5-30

Plans as usual at ROSE & Co.
9 to 6 p.m.; after 7 p.m. at the Theatre

THE
EXCELSIOR
To-day at 6-30

TWO NOTABLE EVENTS
MISS KATHRYN BROWNE-DECKER
The leading lady of the
Frawley Comedy Company
will appear in
"THE CLOSING NET"
PATHE GOLD ROOSTER PLAY
In addition
WAR LOAN SINGERS
WAR LOAN SINGERS
WAR LOAN SINGERS

NEW ALEXANDRA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
TO-NIGHT!
AN EXCITING AND HIGHLY SENSATIONAL DRAMA IN FIVE PARTS:
WHEN A WOMAN HATES
AN ALL-BRITISH PRODUCTION.
Together with a Full Program.
Shows Nightly at 7, 8-45 and 10-30.
Special Music by Mr. SKINNER.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Bombay's Most Central Theatre.
HOWITT-PHILLIPS CO:
TO-NIGHT
and the following two nights at 9-30
By arrangement with SIR JOHN FAGAN
The Great Play on the Social Evil:
"DAMAGED GOODS"
By Brieux—Member of the French Academy.
A powerful sermon touching with urgency and good sense on the Hidden Disease. It is poignant and dramatic and its message is one of sympathy and of hope.
(FOR ADULTS ONLY.)
MATINEE SATURDAY the 17th at 5 p.m.
Walter Howard's Great Drama
"SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE"
NEXT PRODUCTION
Dickens' Masterpiece
"A TALE OF TWO CITIES"
BOOKING AT S. ROSE & Co.
Prices–Night: Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle Rs. 3, Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1.
Boxes from Rs. 15.
MATINEE:—Stalls Rs. 3, Dress Circle and Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1.
Boxes from Rs. 12.
POPULAR PICTURES.
TO-NIGHT AT 6-30
Mr. E. H. DuCASSE presents
The Great British 5-Reel Film
"THE LABOUR LEADER"
The story of a strong man's career and of his complicated matrimonial affairs featuring the Brilliant London Actress
Christine Silver
ALSO THE PATHE GAZETTE
Prices:—Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4.
Boxes Rs. 2 per seat. Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5.

Get Good Sight

By removing the cause of bad sight don't commit the common error and take to spectacles as the only remedy for eye-trouble. They will *correct* your sight, but what you want is something to *cure* your eyes, viz:—the Actina treatment. Actina has succeeded where specialists had called, simply because it assists, and not opposes, Nature, it is essentially a natural treatment and the hundreds of testimonials are proof that it is a successful treatment. To use it is simplicity itself—remove the two screw caps from the Actina Instrument to the eyes and inhaled through the mouth and nostrils, sets up and maintains a good circulation in all parts of the eye, removes congestion and restores the organ to perfect health. It is just as effective in other Catarrhal Diseases such as Hay Fever, Asthma, Bronchitis, Headache, Sore Throat, Influenza, Deafness, etc. Invest Rs. 25-8 in an Actina and save specialists' fees. Valuable booklet entitled "Prof. Wilson's Treatise on Disease," containing particulars of Conditional Trial Offer and convincing testimonials post free from Actina (B. C.), Sole Agency, Batala (India).

the ACTINA Way

J. V. Navlakhi & Co.
KANTA BUILDINGS
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY
STATIONERY, DRAWING AND PAINTING MATERIALS
Engineering and Surveying Instruments, etc.
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS
Price List Free on Application.

BEST HAIR TONIC
KESHAVKANT.
HAIR OIL
Ask for free sample from
Dwarkadas Jagmohandas & Co
147, Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Aug. 12th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		1,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		..
" " Sales of East Indian		..
" " Imports		11,000
Mid. Americans spot trading value		22.73
Egyptian F.G.F. sakels		30.19
New York 10-30 a.m., (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Oct.	29.88
	Jan.	29.40
	Mar.	29.40
New Orleans 9-30 a.m.	Oct.	28.75
	Jan.	28.66

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 12th.
New Contracts

Months:	To-day's price.
Aug.	22.45
Sept.	22.19
Oct.	21.92
Nov.	21.74
Dec.	Nominal.

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, Aug. 12th.
New Contracts.

Months:	To-day's price.
Aug.	30.00

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 12th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	8,000
" Exports to Great Britain	Nil
" to Continent	Nil
Futures at New York Oct.	29.53
" " Jan.	28.94
" " Mar.	28.90
Spot Cotton at New York	32.45
" " Orleans	29.25
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	28.34
" Jan.	28.07
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8½
Demand Bills	4.76.00
Silver Commercial Bars	99⅝

MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 12th.

Bar Silver Spot	48 13/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	3 1/2
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 1/2
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1/4
" " 6 "	4 5/8
Interest day to day loans	3
" 7 day market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½%	57
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	50
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	67½
Government Securities 3%	58½
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	27.05

WAR LOANS.

London, Aug. 12th.

3½% 1925—1928	£88½
4½% 1925—1945	£100½
5% New.	£94 5/8

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Aug. 12th.

WHEAT.
Wheat—Steady.
AUSTRALIAN.
Australian Wheat Done 79/6
RAPESEED.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold Afloat Value 600
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship July-Aug. 600
Tone of Rapeseed:—Under control.
Toria Rapeseed Afloat Value 600
LINSEED.
Tone of Linseed:—Value.
METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£133
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£122½
Hard Spelter	Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Buyers	15/8
do. do. Aug.-Sept. Sellers	16/4½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Buyers	17/9
do. do. Aug.-Sept. Sellers	19/4½

Tone:—Nothing doing.
RUBBER

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Sept-Oct. Sellers	2/0½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Aug. Paid	2/2

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Aug. 14.

This morning the nominal quotation for Fine Broach September was Rs. 952. The Marwadi bazaar opened easier at Rs. 935 and declined to Rs. 931, but later on recovered to Rs. 940/41, and then again dropped to Rs. 931. At Colaba the bazaar opened at Rs. 940. Fluctuations followed and closing rates were as under.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate enquiry. Prices have kept steady and there is no pressure to sell.

2G22 ,9zW bAshrdlu cmfwyp vbgkqj emfwy

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Fine Broach	Sept.	Rs.	936
Good Sawginned Dharwar	"	"	880
" M. G. Oomptas	"	"	950
" " Westerns	"	"	885

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 8/-
MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

Absolutely Free
40 years experience
late Government Medical Officer
RAI SAHEB DR. DOSS'S
Secrets of Happy Life
is being distributed free
Apply to
THE SWASTHE SAHAYA PHARMACY,
30-2, Harrison Rd., CALCUTTA.

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 14TH AUGUST 1918.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine	F.G.	Gd.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengals		715	670	615	Ready.
sawginned Dharwar				890	"
M.G. Westerns				885	"
M.G. Coompta				935	"
M.G. Bagalkot				890	"
M.G. Kadi Vramgam			880		"
M.G. Anjar			900		"
M.G. Mundra			925		"
M.G. Limbdi Wadhwan			670		"
Laktar Ginned			..	..	"
M.G. Athni Miraj				925	"
Mah. Broach	875	860	845		"

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m., on 13th Aug. 1918.

Cotton	8 474 bales.
Wheat	15 231 cwts.
Linseed	12 398 "
Rape, &c	398 "
Gingellyseed	165 "
Poppyseed	358 "
Groundnuts	1,850 "
Castorseed	14,193 "
Rice	10,240 "
Myrabolians	1,221 "
Cottonseed	2,081 "
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	2,823 "
Jowar	428 "
Maize	Nil
Barley	301 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Aug. 14th, 1918.—6-30 p.m.

	Basis Terms: Rs. a. p.	Ball Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 72-73	62 0 0	62 0 0
" " Cawnpore 76-78	61 0 0	6 15 0
" Kanahi Bangla	61 0 0	6 15 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	8 2 0	8 10 0
" " Cawnpore	8 1 0	8 8 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	8 10 0	8 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	9 7 0	9 13 0
" Thin	9 15 0	9 4 0
Castorseed: White 85-15	85 0 0	---
" Gulzar 75-25	80 0 0	---
" Gulzar 50-50	75 0 0	---
" Black	68 0 0	---
Poppyseed, White	11 0 0	11 0 0
Groundnut	68 0 0	---
Mowraseed	8 0 0	---
Barley	42 0 0	---
Gastorseed	75 0 0	15 0 0

Forward	Rs. as. p.
Linseed Sept.	10 3 0
Linseed May	11 9 0
Wheat April-May	9 1 0
Wheat Aug.-Sept	9 4 0

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Bombay, Aug. 14th, 1918.

	Rate per lb. Rs. a. p.
Davis No. 10	1-0-3
Shapurji No. 12	1-0-3
Simplex No. 12	1-0-0
Edward No. 16	1-1-0
Light Horses No. 6	1-1-0

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 14th, 1918.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1 6 15/16
" Demand	1 6 1
Doc. Acceptance 2m/2	1 6 7
Tts Demand	203
America Demand	270
Kongkong	227
Shanghai	321½
Japan	147
Singapore	154½

Market Steady.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, Aug. 14th.

		Total up-to-date,
War Bonds	Rs. 3,000- 0	1,62,050-0
Cash Certificates	" 14,701-12	2,51,193-8
Total	17,701-12	4,13,243-8

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 14.

BULLION.

Bar Gold Rs. 31-13-0.
Sovereigns Rs. 19-9-6.
Silver Ready Ex-duty Rs. 109-10-0.
Silver 1st Settlement Rs. 109-10-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/6 1/16.
Credit 3Msd/a 1/6 7/16.
D. D. on France Fr. 203.
Credit 3Msd/a Fr. 212.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 147.
60 D/st Japan 141½.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 227.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 321½.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 155½.
D. D. on New York Rs. 279.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 88.
5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920-22 98.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 78.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 93.
3½ per cent. Paper 68.
4½ per cent. Port Trust Long Dated due 1926 88.
4 per cent. Port Trust Long Dated 78.
4 per cent. Municipal Long Dated 77.
4 per cent. Municipal Short Dated 90.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust Long Dated 76.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 91.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 90.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

SHARES.

The Share Market opened quiet but improved during the course of the day and closed steady.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2,390, Swan 945, Standard 2,040, Simplex 1,042-8, Shapurji 151-4, Pearls 760, New Greats 450, M. Petit 2,950, Madhowji 2,850, Kohinoor 1,620, Kastoorchand 1,535, Ind. Malwa 400, Ind. Bleaching 207-8, Finlay 720, Fazulbhoy 930, David 630, Currimbhoy 470, Crescent 305, Colaba 1,630, Century 545, Cen. India 2,805, By. United 1,170. By. Dyeing 1,590, Bundi 24-8, Cen. Mining 43, Ind. Cement 350, Katni Ord. 290, Katni Defd. 1,540, Tata Ord. 315, Tata Old. 1,500, Tata New D. 600, Alcocks 820, By. Burma 770. By Tramway 402-8. By. Steam 397-8. Tata Hydro 1,385.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange.

Swadeshi 2,390, Swan 945, Standard 2,45, Simplex 1,045, Shapurji 152-8, Pearls 760, New Greats 450, M. Petit 2,950, Madhowji 2,855, Kohinoor 1,680, Kastoorchand 1,550, Indore 400, Ind. Bleaching 215, Finlay 730, Fazulbhoy 932-8, David 625, Currimbhoy 465, Crescent 305, Colaba 1,620, Century 525, Nagpur 2,805, By United 1,165, By Dyeing 1,590, Bundi 24 Cen. Mining 45, Ind. Cement 350, Katni Ord. 290, Katni Defd. 1,540, Tata Ord 310, Tata Old D. 1,577-8, Tata New D. 570, Alcocks 820, By. Burma 765, By. Tramway 402-8, By Steam 397-8, and Tata Hydro 1,382.

HELLER'S ROYAL-ZEST COCOA

Take it daily. It is wholesome nourishing and appetising. It will refresh you and give you strength and energy.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

in ¼-lb., ½-lb., and 1-lb. tins.

Sole Agents for India:

KOTHARI, SUTARIA & Co.,
(Imports) Ld.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

TREACHER & Co.
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGIST
Wines, Stores, Provisions and General Merchant,
Fort, BOMBAY.
ESTD. 1830.
Telephone No. 2182.
Treacher's
SPECIALITIES
HEART LABELLED BRANDY
TIP-TOP TEA
KAREWA COFFEE
SUPARI TOOTH PASTE.
C. C. C. Specific Cold, Cough, etc.
Treacher & Co.

RELIABILITY

You can always rely upon the Superior Strength and Purity of
HELLER'S
FANCY-PASTRY BAKING POWDER
For Perfect Results
SOLD EVERYWHERE
Sole Agents;
KOTHARI SUTARIA & Co.,
HUMMUM ST., FORT, BOMBAY.

GILLESPIE'S
MOTOR TRAINING SCHOOL
LAMINGTON ROAD, CHOWPATTI,
Motor driving and its working taught under the direct supervision of Mr. Gillespie, the Proprietor, the Originator and Founder of systematic motor training in this city, and who has now severed all connections with other schools in Bombay.

LEMONJIAN
is expert in
DIAMOND SETTING
AND ENAMELLING
Workmanship by European Experts.
DEFY ANY COMPETITION.
J. LEMONJIAN & Co.,
36, MEDOWS ST., FORT, BOMBAY.

INCOME TAX AND SUPER TAX
Statutory Statements of Accounts prepared. Audit of Books of Firms undertaken.
B. L. THOSAR,
Public Accountant.
BOMBAY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
41, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

Build-up YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA.
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet*
SARSAPARILLA
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the Safest and most Reliable Remedy for
TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM
the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
We stood the test of 50 YEARS.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

REGINUS
HEALTH AND HAPPINESS REST WITH YOU.
To build up the NERVES and MUSCLES, to enjoy the pleasures of life use REGINUS. Bottle Re. 1.
ASTHMA.
With distressing troubles, hard breathing, heavy perspiration, periodical fits, etc., etc., cured completely with our specific remedy. Bottle Rs. 5.
DIABETES.
With high specific gravity burning of palms and feet, thirst and all other troubles are completely cured with our specific remedy. Bottle Rs. 3.
For free prospectus of various drugs and chemicals apply to—
RANAGHAT CHEMICAL WORKS, BENGAL.
SOLE AGENTS:—
B. G. JACK & Co.
Office and Show Room 15, Victoria Building, Fort, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

FORWARD SHIPMENTS.

A SPECULATIVE DEAL.

Messrs. Shivnarayen Baldeodas, a firm Plaintiffs v. Lakhmidas Narsey, a firm Defendants.

(Before Justice Beaman.)

This was a suit filed by the plaintiffs for damages against the defendants for breach of a contract entered into in December 1917, for the supply of 30 bales of hessians, 40 by 8, in three lots of ten bales each, January, February and March shipments, due dates the 25th of the following month on each occasion. The shipment was to be from Calcutta, each bale to be made up of and to contain 2,000 yards or thereabouts, the rate being 35½ pies per yard.

The defendants claimed to be absolved from the performance on the ground of impossibility. They said that they contracted to deliver 10 bales of hessians by shipment from Calcutta in January, February and March respectively, but they contended that no ship sailed from Calcutta and none could be chartered from Calcutta and therefore there were and could have been no shipments by means of which they could have performed their contract.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia with Mr. B. J. Desai appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan with Mr. R. P. Carmalee appeared for the defendants.

JUDGMENT.

His Lordship in denvering judgment said that it was virtually admitted that the goods were procurable in abundance in Calcutta and that there were no insuperable difficulties in having them brought to Bombay by rail. It was further proved beyond doubt that a certain number of cargo steamers actually arrived in Bombay from Calcutta during the months of December, February and March. The defence appeared to be a mere quibble, a verbal quibble without any sense or substance, and never would have been raised had the defendant or his legal advisers understood the law governing cases of this kind. The position with regard to hessians in Bombay during the months under consideration was a very common position. The defendant and his party had done their best to "bear" the market, and had very likely sold a great deal more than the market supply of these goods. In spite of all their efforts the market rose and rose and rose and the bears were utterly defeated. They then appeared to have held meetings amongst themselves recognising that defeat, and upon the ground that they could not fulfil their contracts owing to difficulties in transport by sea and land, fixed the rates at which to settle. Whether the rest of the market dealing with them accepted those rates or not did not appear. But at any rate it showed pretty clearly that none of these men, as his Lordship supposed no sane and intelligent dealer ever would have thought, thought that that was a case of impossibility, within the legal meaning of that term absolving all dealers from obligations to pay. When parties dealt in deals of whatever kind in the spirit of speculating and gambling, it would almost be invariably found that the stock was not seldom bought a dozen times over, in other words that in such cases there would be physical impossibility in one sense of supplying goods to all the buyers, where the bulls had had their way. If in such cases everyone, who had sold forward, were to be allowed to come into Court and to plead upon the use of such a word as "shipment" in this contract, that in the absence of shipment, freight and manufacture it was impossible for him to fulfil his contract, his Lordship did not really understand how any forward business in commodities of that kind or staples generally could go on at all.

AN ABSURD CONTENTION.

The present case was a peculiarly absurd case. The contracts were all made in common form on forms which had been in use for about 20 years. Before the war naturally the hessians would ordinarily have been brought to Bombay by sea. The shipping freight under normal conditions would have been much cheaper than railway freight. Hence the use of the word "shipment" in the contracts. It was to be observed that the contracts were written in the Gujarati language, in which the English word "shipment" was incorporated. That accounted for the retention of the word "shipment" in those contracts even as late as December 1917, three years after the usual transport had been, as proved, by rail and not by sea. It was true that the would be importers of hessians by rail might have found themselves in difficulties owing to shortage of transport. That would be no ground for saying that the contracts had become impossible of fulfilment. Unless every railway line between Calcutta and Bombay had been destroyed and every cargo steamer had disappeared off the face of the sea there would be no physical impossibility in the way of the performance of a small contract like the present one.

But the defendant, a stupid Lohana, imagining himself very clever, thought he saw a way to avoid payment of his just debts by insisting that he was only liable to tender goods which had reached Bombay by sea. He first tried to prove that there were no hessians at all in Bombay and that none could have been got either by sea or land. But when it became apparent that that would not do he rested his case upon the ground that although he might very easily have procured the goods he had sold in time to fulfil all his contracts, since those goods had not come by sea he was under no obligation to tender them. It was an utterly absurd contention. The test of it was of the very simplest. Suppose the defendant had bought the 30 bales in the market and tendered them to the plaintiffs on due date, could it be contended for a moment that the plaintiff would have been justified in refusing to take delivery because the goods had not come in the hold of a steamer? The plain truth was that the defendant, along with all the other bears, was simply speculating forward, but unlike all the rest when the market went against him, instead of paying his debts honestly, he had thought to show himself uniquely clever by claiming to be absolved altogether from his contractual obligations. There was no impossibility at all in the way of the defendant buying as many bales of hessians of the required description and quality as he needed to fulfil his contracts, except, perhaps, the impossibility was of his being able to pay for them or get them on credit. He made no attempt to procure the goods and it never seemed to have occurred to him that even as his contract stood he was bound to procure goods and fulfil his contract.

DAMAGES ALLOWED.

His Lordship accordingly passed a decree for the plaintiffs with all costs as prayed but did not award interest on damages.

Solicitors for the plaintiffs: Madhavji Kamdar and Chhotubhai.

Solicitors for the defendants: Payne & Co.

BANDRA POLICE PATEL'S COMPLAINT

Mr. Francis Jigoul Patel, the Police Patel of Bandra has reported to the B. B. and C. I Railway Police that on Saturday he left his bicycle on the outer platform of the Bandra Station and went on his recruiting work as police ptel. On his return he found his bicycle missing. The value of the machine is about Rs. 250 and the patel says that it had given him the most valuable service for the last five years and that there was more real life in it than can be found in a horse,

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR THURSDAY, THE 15TH OF AUGUST, 1918.

BEFORE THE HON. THE CHIEF JUSTICE AND THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 52.

APPEAL FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

2-18-1136-15—Wadia G & Co., Mahomed Haji Aboo v. Khatubai & ors. Payne & Co., Little & Co., Surveyer & Co.

3-18-1237-16—Bhimji & Co., Girjashanker Dayashanker Vaidya v. The Bombay Baroda & Central India Ry. Co., Craw B & Co.

4-18-1038-17—Little & Co., The Great Indian Peninsula Ry. Co. v. Ramchandra Jaggonath, Manilal & Kher.

5-18-53-17—Payne & Co., Kasheram Bhagwandas v. Messrs Bruel & Co. a firm, Captain & V.

6-18-209-14—Madh K & Ch., Navivahoo widow v. Ratanbai widow, Hiralal & Co.

7-18-205-18—M B Chothia, Nanchand Gulabchand a firm & anr v. Balabhai Devchand a firm Bhai K & Gir.

1-18-678-11 and 688-17—Merwanji K & Co., Bansilal Motilal v. Govindlal Bansilal & ors.

9-18-678-17 & 688-17—Merwanji K & Co., Bansilal Motilal v. Govindlal Bansilal & anr, Ard H D & Co., Bhai K & Gir.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

FOR JUDGMENT.

98-18—Captain & V. Frank Jacob Iny v. Haji Abdulla Kazim, Payne & Co.

FOR HEARING EVIDENCE ON ACTION.

130-17—Sabnis & G, Vallabhdas Luxmidas Thakkar v. Udhavji Laxmidas Thakkar, Surajmal & Co.

803-17—Surajmal & Co., Odhavji Lakhandas Thakkar v. Bai Vallabai alias Laxmibai widow, Subnis & G.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

SHORT CAUSES.

10-18—M V Gokhale, The Kolapur Southern Maratha Bank Ld. (in Liquidation) v. Dhondu Shadashiv Kale & ors, Judah and S. Shamrao M & H.

768-18—Crawford B & Co., The Renfraw Machinery Co. Ld. v. J Rockfiller & Co. a firm.

493-18—Dubash & Co., Manecklal Chunilal Shroff v. Siddikbhai Abdullabhai & anr, Ard H D & Co.

COMMERCIAL CAUSES.

728-18—Madhowji K & Ch., Shivnarayen Buldeodas a firm v. Jaisingbhai Chunilal a firm.

729-18—Craigie B & Co., Shivram Nandlal and anr v. J A Grant & Co. a firm Daphtary F and D.

739-18—Madhowji K & Ch, Shamaldas Amichand a firm v. Panamchand Runchorddas & anr.

LONG CAUSES.

38-17—Amin & Desai, Shakrabhai Motilal v. Bapuji Framji Musha & ors, Mulla & M, Hiralal T. & Co.

881-17—Jam R & D, Hemraj Jairam a firm v. Khoja Ali Mahomed Mulji, Merwanji K & Co.

772-17—Little & Co., The Continental Tyre & Rubber Co. Ld. v. The Madras Stable Co. a firm, Ragh N & Co.

588-17—Captain & V, Hinduji Krishnaji a firm v. Kasturchand Umaji & ors, Soonderdas & Co.

725-18—Dharamsi & Co., Ambaji Gangaram Saiboo & ors v. Kasturchand Dhulaji, Mehta D & L.

1390-16—N C Dalal Shah Jeewanlal Dolatchand a firm v. Mehta Mohanlal Shakerchand a firm, Jam R & D.

1195-17—Crawford B & Co., Richardson and Cruddas a firm v. Cawasji Dhunjibhoy Tarachand & ors. Ard H D & Co.

181-17—Edg G W & Co., Hormusji Rustomji Billimoria v. General Nawabzada Obeidulla Khan, Payne & Co.

935-17—Mulla & Mulla, Vadanji Keshowji v. Dossa Visram, Bhai K & Gir.

216-17—Ard H D & Co., Jalbhoy Pestonji Virji v. Messrs Pulee & Co. a firm, Dharamsi & Co.

357-17—Little & Co., Mathuradas Vallabhdas & anr v. Mofatlal Gagalbhai & Co a firm, Edg G W & Co.

949-17—Little & Co., Ralli Brothers a firm v Kanji Pradhan a firm, Bhai K & Gir

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

CHAMBER APPLICATIONS,

Inherent Civil Jurisdiction, Re Bhikhabhai Bhagwandas, a minor—Pocha & Co., Bhugwandas Runchoddas, Petr.

1314-17—Mulla & M, Sir R J Tata v. Sulleman Tar Rangari.

T & I J, Re L/A Hawabai, deceased—Ard H D & Co., Haji Ismail Haji Sheriff v. Petr.

T & I J, Re L/A Ganoo Gopal, deceased—M. V. Gokhale, Mahadoo Ganoo, Petr.

TO BE MENTIONED (IN COURT.)

SHORT CAUSES.

939-18—Wadia G & Co., Darabchand Bomonji Dubash v. Narsi Wardhwan Vicumsey.

942-18—Wadia G & Co., Darabshaw Bomonji Dubash v. Kallianji Wardhwan Vicumsey

945-18—Wadia G & Co., Darabshaw Bomonji Dubash v. Kanji Wardhwan Vicumsey.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSES

397-16—Pandia & Co., Vithaldas Narayen & ors v. Schroder Smedt & Co. Ld. Little & Co., Part Heard, 9-8-18.

549-16—N C Dalal, Tukaram Gennu v. Bai Jamnabai Tricumji Hirji & anr Edgelow G W & Co., Mulla & M. Part heard.

SHORT CAUSE.

655-18—Jehangir G & B, Messrs Dharamsee Assoo and Co. a firm v. Messrs Kaikhusroo Herjibhai Printer & Co. a firm, Dastur & Co.

LONG CAUSES.

1300-16—Hiralal Th & Co., Messrs Nagindas Harjeewandas & Co. a firm v The B B and C I Railway Co., Crawford B Co.

1345-17—Ardeshir H D & Co., Dr. Perbhudas Goculas & anr v. Bai Diwalibai widow Jehangir G & H

TENANT V. LANDLORD.

ALLEGED WRONGFUL RESTRAINT.

Before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, at the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. S. R. Mirajker charged Mr. J. G. Vakil and Mr. G. G. Vakil with wrongful restraint.

Mr. P. N. Godinho appeared for the complainant; and Mr. Jamnadas Mehta defended.

It was stated for the complainant that he was living in Lalgir Mansions. In the year 1916 the rent for the rooms he was occupying was Rs. 25; it was then increased to Rs. 40 and again to Rs. 45. But when the Rent Act came into force he refused to pay the enhanced rent. He sent the rent by money order to the landlord, but he refused to have it. There was a water-closet on the floor common to all the tenants, which was used by the complainant for the last four years. But the accused, who were tenants on the same floor, in collusion with the landlord, refused the complainant access to the W. C., and shut the door of the passage leading to it. The complainant was thereby put to great inconvenience; the two accused, it was stated, were promised the rooms which were under the occupation of the complainant.

The accused pleaded not guilty; they said the W. C.'s were in their own flat and were not for common use. If the complainant was using it, it was on sufferance. The complainant took meat and eggs and was a nuisance to them. There was a W. C. for him on the ground floor.

The accused asked for a postponement, but the complainant said this was an urgent matter and the case should be taken up at once.

The Magistrate said he had no objection to postpone the case, provided the accused proved their bona fides by giving the complainant access to the W. C.'s.

The accused refused to do this.

Mr. Godinho said the accused's plea that the complainant was a nuisance as he took meat, was a false one. The complainant was living there for the last four years and their conscience must have lain dormant during that period.

The case was eventually postponed, as the parties refused to come to any understanding.

TWO MONTHS FOR BLACKMAIL.

A CHOWPATTY INCIDENT.

Before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, at the Mazagon Police Court, Sub-Inspector Sampson charged Ibrahim Mahomed with robbery, extortion and compounding a non-compoundable offence, at the instance of Mr. Vithal Jiwaji Nadkarni. Mr. Crage defended the accused.

The prosecution case was that on the 16th July at about 9 p.m. Nadkarni had gone to the Chowpatty Sea Face and was reading a book on a bench just opposite the Orient Club, when the accused came there and began conversation with the complainant. An hour later when the complainant wanted to go home the accused said he had to see a Parsi friend near the Chowpatty Bandstand and asked Nadkarni to accompany him there. When they went there the accused asked him what time it was, and when the complainant took out his watch, the accused snatched it up, gave him some slaps and threatened to kill him. The accused then searched the complainant's pockets and took out four annas, and asked him to give him a promissory note for Rs. 30, which Nadkarni did under a false name. The accused then asked him to see him near the Crawford Market on the 30th July. The complainant then went home and told all that had happened to Mr. Vardey, and under his advice placed the matter before the police. On the 30th July at about 5 p.m. the complainant went to the Crawford Market with a policeman in plain clothes, and there had the accused arrested. The accused was searched and the promissory note and watch were produced.

The accused pleaded not guilty. He said it was Nadkarni who asked him to go to the Bandstand. The complainant there committed an unnatural offence, and when the accused said he would report the matter to the police, the complainant promised to give some money in charity; as he had no money at the time he gave him his watch.

The Magistrate disbelieved the defence story and sentenced the accused to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

VICTORIA DRIVERS AS OPIUM SMUGGLERS.

SENTENCED TO THREE MONTHS' HARD LABOUR.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliviera, Sub-Inspector Chand Khan charged Ali Ahmed Nurkhan and Ibrahim Vali, victoria drivers, with being in possession of 29 lbs. of opium, valued at Rs. 1,160, without a license. Mr. Balubhai T. Desai defended the first accused, and Mr. S. B. Kapadia defended the second accused.

It appeared from the evidence that about 9 p.m. on Saturday, hack victoria No. 894, which was in charge of the second accused, drew up outside the red gate of the Victoria Docks. The two accused were seated on the coach box. The first accused hailed two men, who were Government servants, and who were about to enter the docks, and offered them a free lift to go into the docks. The two men got into the victoria, and as it passed the red gate, Mr. Frank Simons, Preventive Officer, asked the driver to stop. He asked the first accused to come down, which the latter at first refused to do, but eventually got down on Mr. Simons insisting on his doing so. The first accused was then searched but nothing was found on him. The second accused was then asked to get up from his seat, and on the coach box being examined, eight packets of opium were found under the seat. The coach box, which was locked, was then opened and six more packets were found in it. The passengers informed Mr. Simons of the circumstances under which they had come to be in the gharry.

The accused pleaded not guilty, each throwing the responsibility for the possession of the opium on the other.

The Magistrate, convicting the accused, said the object of the two accused in picking up the two passengers was evidently to justify their entrance into the docks on the pretext that they had a fare. He was fully satisfied on the evidence that both the accused were responsible for the possession of the opium. As a matter of fact both of them were abetting each other in smuggling opium into the docks. He sentenced them to three months' rigorous imprisonment and ordered the opium to be sent to the Collector.

Evidence as to the identification of the horse and carriage was then recorded. They were seized as they were liable to confiscation under the Opium Act. The matter was adjourned for further inquiries as to the ownership of the conveyance.

OPIUM SMUGGLER SENTENCED.

23½ LBS CONCEALED IN VEGETABLE BASKET.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Deputy Inspector Kent charged Anaji Bhagwan, a "muccadam" of coolies, with possessing without a license twelve packets of opium, weighing in all 23½ lbs. and valued at Rs. 940. Mr. D. S. Erulker defended the accused.

It appeared that the accused put a basket, purporting to contain vegetables, into a cart, belonging to Bomonji Dhunjibhoy and Co., and used for carrying bazaar supplies to the ships. A policeman in plain clothes noticed the accused putting the basket into the cart and followed it into the docks, and as the baskets were being carried up the gangway a vessel, he seized the basket put in by the accused. On searching it, he found the opium concealed beneath a thick layer of French beans. The accused pleaded not guilty, saying he met a Goanese cook near the Carnac Bridge, who asked him to convey the basket, which he said contained vegetables to a ship in the docks and gave him one rupee for his labours.

The Magistrate disbelieved the accused's statement and convicted him, and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment. The Magistrate said great credit was due to the policeman for the smart seizure he had made.

SIND SPECIAL CONFERENCE.

PRONOUNCEMENT ON REFORM PROPOSALS.

"UNACCEPTABLE WITHOUT MODIFICATION."

(From a Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Aug. 13.

At to-day's session of the special Sind Provincial Conference at Hyderabad, the following resolutions were passed. The principal resolution condemning the Chelmsford-Montagu Report was proposed by the Hon. Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas, seconded by the Hon. Mr. G. M. Bhurgri and supported by among others Messrs. Sakdas Mangharam, Haji Abdulla Haroon, Jethmal Parsram, Yusufali Alibhoy, Dr. Choithram, and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

(1) This Conference is of opinion that the Montagu-Chelmsford Report on the Indian constitutional reforms violates the principle of self-determination inasmuch as it does not concede the essential demands of the Congress-League Scheme, which voices the views of practically the whole of India and as such it is unacceptable, except with modifications hereinafter specified.

(b) The Conference reaffirms the resolutions, 12 clause (c) of the Congress of 1916 and resolution of 1917 and declares that nothing less than self-government within the Empire can satisfy the Indian people and by enabling it to take its rightful place as free and self-governing nation in the British Commonwealth strengthens the connection between Great Britain and India.

(c) This Conference regards the proposal of the Secretary of State and the Viceroy as not affording in their present form that substantial step towards self-government which the necessities of the present situation imperatively demand; and deeply regrets that nothing which can be called responsibility is proposed for the Government of India.

(d) The Conference further gives a long list of the proposed changes in the Bill to be laid before Parliament, as the least that can be regarded as a substantial step towards Responsible Government, establishing complete provincial autonomy as demanded by the late Mr. Gokhale, the memorandum of the Nineteen and the Congress-League Scheme, accompanied by such necessary correlative changes in the Government of India as will lead to its complete transference to the Indian nation under the supremacy of the British Crown within a period rendered necessary by rapid changes brought about by the war.

GAGGING ORDERS.

(2) This Conference protests emphatically against the orders issued by Government, restricting the freedom of speech of Lokmanya Tilak, Mr. Asaf Ali and Pundit Nekiram, which constitutes injustice to educate the public on the Indian political questions.

(3) The Conference is of opinion that the question of the future system of the Government in Sind be deferred until the reconstruction of the reformed Council when a special session of Sind Provincial Conference should be called to decide the question. The Conference in the meantime strongly urges that all special powers conferred on Commissioner in Sind over and above those enjoyed by other Divisional Commissioners be withdrawn, in view of the probable local disturbance owing to the war conditions.

(4) This Conference strongly urges upon the Government the immediate necessity for the formation of a Local Defence Corps for the town and villages under independent non-official control but working in cooperation with the Police and requests the Government to instruct its officers to assist and where necessary to take initiative in the formation of the Local Defence Force.

SUPPRESSION OF HYDERABAD MUNICIPALITY.

(5) This Conference expresses its regret that his Excellency the Governor of Bombay should have by misuse of his power of disallowing resolutions more than once prevented the discussion of the question of the restoration of the Hyderabad Municipality attempted to be raised in the Bombay Legislative Council by some of the representatives of Sind. This Conference is emphatically of opinion that the Committee of Management has failed to justify its existence and in the interest of civic welfare of the town urgently calls for an immediate restoration of the Municipality with a wholly elected body of members. This Conference further urges that the appointment of the Municipal Commissioner of the City of Hyderabad should be discontinued on the restoration of the Municipality, which should be allowed a free hand in filling up the appointment of its Chief Executive Officer.

Resolutions strongly condemning the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee and the Government action in proscribing the nationalist papers of Sind from registered libraries in Sind were also passed.

MRS. NAIDU'S SIND TOUR.

Mrs. Naidu is to-day delivering a public lecture in the same hall. Mrs. Naidu arrives at Karachi to-morrow morning and during her stay will deliver a series of public lectures. She will leave for Bombay on the 18th, accompanied by the Hon. Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas and the Hon. Mr. Bhurgri to attend the Congress.

WAGHRI IN BEGGAR'S DISGUISE.

GETS SEVEN DAYS' HARD LABOUR.

At the Girgaum Honorary Presidency Magistrates' Court, consisting of Rao Saheb A. W. Shete and Rao Bahadur V. S. Joshi, P. C. 443-C charged a Waghri, Ambra, with begging for alms in a public place. The accused pleaded guilty. It was stated for the prosecution that the accused had tied rags round his legs and was crawling on the ground by means of a stick. When the rags were taken off it was found that the accused was hale and hearty.

He was sentenced to seven days' rigorous imprisonment.

A DEPORTED BEGGAR'S RETURN.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Sergeant Squires charged Gambu, a Hindu beggar, with returning to Bombay after being deported to his native place under the orders of the Commissioner of Police, two months ago. The accused was found begging on Girgaum Road on Monday morning, when he was arrested. He was convicted and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

OFFICE BOOKS SOLD TO A HAWKER

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Deputy Inspector Ferguson charged Francis Fernandez, a Goanese cook, with theft on the 11th August of old manuscript books, valued at Rs. 15, from the record room on the fourth floor of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co.'s office. The accused was selling the books to a hawker for Rs. 2, when he was arrested by the watchman. He pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 20, in default to seven days' rigorous imprisonment.

CHOLERA

The Dangers of Ordinary Milk.

It is a well known fact that ordinary milk from cows and buffaloes is seriously contaminated with objectionable germs, so objectionable in fact, that many books have been written containing information, warnings and advice on the subject. Therefore it is not proposed here to dwell at length on the dangers attached to the milk supply of Bombay. If every milk consumer could read a few extracts from a book written by well known authority is this City, he would never again touch the ordinary milk which is offered to him daily.

The latest warning comes from the Health Officer to the Bombay Municipality in his public notice recently published in the daily papers, with reference to the prevalence of cholera in districts outside Bombay. He says, "Milk should be boiled before drinking." This of course is only a slight and temporary safeguard, as even the best of boiled or sterilised milk is liable to contamination again as it cools down, as the water which is the germ carrier in milk is still present. The only safe alternative, is milk from which the water has been withdrawn, milk dried to a powder, guaranteed free from injurious germs and only requiring the addition of boiling water to produce the purest form of liquid milk it is possible to obtain.

This is what Glaxo is:—Pure Rich Cow's milk, drawn from the finest cows in the best Pasture lands of New Zealand, dried to a powder at the source of supply and to which only extra cream and milk sugar has been added. One of the great advantages of this Milk is, that you need only mix sufficient at a time for your immediate requirements which enables you to have pure, fresh germ-free milk on all occasions.

Therefore, safeguard your home from Cholera and other Milk-borne diseases by eliminating ordinary milk from your household requirements, and substituting

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In every 16 ounces of Glaxo there are 4 ounces of life-giving Butter Fat and 12 ounces of Nourishing Milk Solids. It is richer and cleaner than ordinary milk and has been used by the Health Departments of the United Kingdom in ever increasing quantities during the last 10 years.

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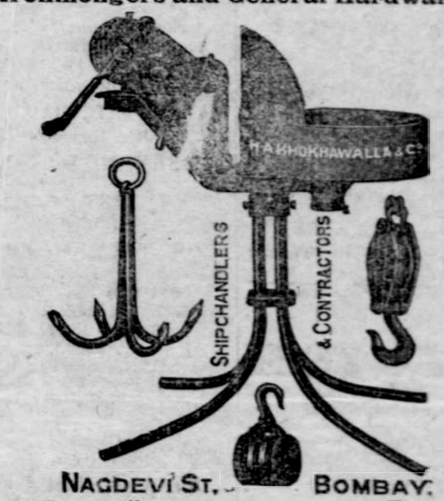

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[LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.]

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation Meeting, 3-40 p.m.

FRIDAY, Aug. 16.

Mails for Seychelles, Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, Aug. 17.

Jagannath Sankersoth Anniversary, Public Meeting, Madhav Baug, 6 p.m.

MONDAY, August, 19.

Sitting of Exemption Tribunal, Town Hall, 11 a.m.

TUESDAY, Aug. 20.

Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30. instead of as previously notified.

AMUSEMENTS

TO-NIGHT.

Royal Opera House: Cinema at 6.30, 9-30 Howitt Phillips Co.

Excelsior: Frawley Co., at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30.

Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre 6-30 and 10-0.

West-End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30 7-0 8-45 and 10-15.

Empire Cinema: At 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: Girgaum, near Tram Terminus: 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

Precious Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.).

New Alexandra Cinema: Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.)

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.)

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

MODY—14th August, at Chinoy Mansions Colaba, Bai Sirinbai widow of the late Dinshaw Sorabji Mody and daughter of the late Edalji Ardeshir Davar and mother of Edalji Jamsetji and Nowrojee. Funeral at 8 a.m., (S. T.).

BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA.

The band of the Indian Defence force, Railway Battalion, will play at the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana, this evening, at 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

A clinical meeting of the members of the Union will be held at the Union Rooms on Sunday next, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.).

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Mr. K. J. B. Wadia will conduct a study-class in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (72, Apollo Street, Fort) this evening at 6-30 on "God, Nature and Man."

TELAGU TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the above Association, Mr. L. B. Nayak will deliver a public lecture on "Education and Temperance" to-night at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Kamatipura Telagu Hall.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Debating Circle there will be a Parliamentary Debate on "Inter-Marriages" to-day at 6 p.m. at the Headquarters, Girgaum, when Mr. V. G. Rao, bar.-at-law will act as the Speaker. Open to members only.

JAGANNATH SHANKERSETH ANNIVERSARY.

A public meeting to honour the memory of the late Hon. Jagannath Shankerseth on his anniversary day, will be held on Saturday, the 17th inst. at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in Madhav Baug. Mr. Sadashiv Nanabhai Hate will preside. Messrs. Damodar Ganesh Padhye, Damodar Savlaram Yande, Miss Krishnabai Sitaram Javere, and Messrs. Jayavant Harrischandra Pitale, and Bhikaji Dadaji Pitale, will address the meeting.

THEFT IN A BANDRA CHURCH

BANDSMAN SENTENCED.

At the Bandra Police Court on Tuesday Victor Caetans Albuguerque, a Goanese bandsman, was sentenced by the First Class Resident Magistrate, Mr. V. H. Thakur, to six months' rigorous imprisonment, for attempting to commit theft in the Church of Mount Carmel at Bandra.

Mr. Kulkarni, the Police Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution.

On the 6th instant, in the forenoon the accused entered the church and was observed by Rev. Father Baptista, the Vicar of the church, laying his hand on the silver crown of the Church statue. The accused was arrested and handed over to the police.

His worship in sentencing the accused observed that the offence he was charged with revealed an unusual degree of depravity, for an attempt to rob a house of God could not be treated in teh same light as an attempt to commit theft in an ordinary building. Viewed in this aspect the crime of the accused was a grave one and therefore a severe punishment had to be inflicted.

COTTON CONTRACTS COMMITTEE.

The following corrigenda has been issued by the chairman of the cotton contracts committee:—

From the Fully Good M. G. Broach contract mentioned in the Press Note published on the 10th instant, Punjab-American should have been excluded.

Paragraph 4 of the Press Note.—The descriptions of "Southerns" cotton to which the notification will extend the period of delivery to four months are—M. G. Westerns Dharwar, Bijapur, Bagalkote, Northern Cambodia, Cocanadas, Tinnevelly, Coompta, and Miraj, and Sawginned Dharwar.

The following Press Note has been issued:—

Brokers who have applied for licenses are requested to send their representative to the office of the Cotton Contracts Commitee (123 Esplanade Road) where the licenses are now ready for issue provided the applications have been approved of by the Committee. Those applicants who have not yet paid their fee of Rs. 50 should send the fee with their representative.

2. Contract books containing 50 contract forms in English or in Gujarati may be obtained from the office of the Cotton Contracts Committee on payment of Rs. 2 per book of 50 forms.

BOMBAY GYM. MOUNTED SPORTS.

The third of a weekly series of Mounted Sports, under the auspices of the Bombay Gymkhana, and the skippership of Messrs J. G. Ridland and L. H. Savile, came off on the Marine Lines Oval in exceptionally fine weather yesterday afternoon. From week to week the interest in these capital sports intensifies among both the lair and the brave and yesterday's programme attracted not only a large number of sporting spirits—"mere men," and sporting ladies—but all sorts and conditions of people, not excluding the Great Unwashed who assembled in a small army on the opposite side of the Gymkhana preserves. The Indian Force Railway Band played to the crowd, and taking things all round, a more interesting and enjoyable afternoon has still to be experienced in Monsoonless Bombay. Unhappily a few croppers occurred during the proceedings but as the Coroner was absent, "all's well" was signalled in every instance. McDowell certainly met with a nasty accident during the lockade fighting. His horse reared and fell backwards—half an inch from he slipped off and fell, but in twisting, it injured one of his wrists somewhat severely. Much sympathy was felt for Mrs. Hunt who had a chance of winning second heat of the Cocoanut Stakes for ladies, if her horse had not unseated her during a very fast gallop, but she heroically rose to her feet and walked back unhurt. Messrs. Scott and Baker did a circus trick in the V. C. Race, and were unhurt. By the way as so many ladies have put heart and soul into these sports two aggregate cups have been kindly presented by a member of the Bombay Light Horse—for the lasy competitor scoring the highest number of points during the season, another for competition members of the Bombay Light Horse who are not eligible to compete for the Bombay Gymkhana Aggregate Cups. Our prophetic vision sees Mrs. Hatch winner of the first and Gerrard winner of the second. Mrs. Hatch's performance in the cocoanut Stakes for ladies justifies the optimism. She lost this sensational race by a mere head from Mrs. Cocke although she won magnificently the two previous heats. Details:—

HALF SECTION TENT-PEGGING.

1—Gerrard and Smith.
2—Capt. Baird and Ridland.
3—McDonald and Sherwood.

Seven pairs competed including Spence and Scott, Sadler and Fletcher Hunt and Gregson Maniford and Giles.

INDIVIDUAL JUMPING.

1—Phillips.
2—Mrs. Paterson Brown.
3—Mrs. Hindman.

Also competed:—Smith, Ridland, Sherwood, Mansfield, Raymond, Adams, Graham Allum, Sadler, Scott, Mrs. Barnard, McDonald, Gerrard and Clements.

BALACLAVA McLEE.

Competitors fought in teams of four, and one of them wearing a white cockade undoubtedly merited the V. C. When three of his side were disabled, he fought on against three to one, and might have beaten his three opponents had a truce not been signalled.

1—Kay.
2—Gerrard.
3—Smith.

Five teams competed.

COCOANUT STAKES FOR LADIES

Ladies were to ride a given course to where cocoanuts were placed on posts (a line of posts being provided for each lady) they had to pick off the cocoanuts, one at a time, and from a point, to throw them at their nominees who were standing a little way og, and who caught the cocoanuts and put them in a bucket. The hero who failed to catch the cocoanut flung to him, he had to pick it up and hand it back to his partner who again threw it at him. First lady home after successfully passing all the cocoanuts to her partner won.

1—Mrs. Cocke and Medley.
2—Mrs. and Mr. Hatch.
3.—Capt and Mrs. Baird.

Also competed:—Mrs. Paterson Brown and Spence, Mrs. Hindman and McDonald Miss Barnard and Scully, Capt. and Mrs. Baird.

V. C. RACE.

1—Smith and Gerrard.
2—McDonald and Sherwood
3.—Kay and Clements.

Very many competed.

NEW INCOME-TAX DECLARATION FORMS.

STRONGLY DISAPPROVED BY MERCANTILE COMMUNITY

In connection with the new forms of declaration for Income-Tax sent to merchants by the Income-Tax Collector it is understood that a strong feeling exists here as well as in Karachi against the requirements demanded therein, as also against its severity. The penal proviso of a fine of Rs. 10 per day in case of failure to provide the particulars within thirty days is considered to be a real hardship. Some days ago the Karachi S. N. Indian Piece-Goods Merchants' Association telegraphed to the Bombay N. Piece-Goods Merchants' Association requesting to be informed what steps the latter were contemplating regarding this matter. The Secretaries replied that an answer would be given after consulting the Managing Committee. Since then two general meetings were held when it was decided that the Managing Committee should consult representatives of various Indian trades Associations and should bring proposals as to the future action to be taken. It is understood that in the meantime the Collector had asked the secretaries of various associations for an interview in this matter and as a consequence thereof the Secretaries of the Piece-Goods Association saw the Collector on Tuesday evening. It is not known what transpired there, but it is understood that the Managing Committee of the Piece-goods Merchants' Association is to meet to-day at 1 p.m. (Bombay Time), when the representatives of various Indian trades associations will be present to discuss the subject. It is understood that the result of the interview with the Collector will be reported in this meeting.

KAPLE MURDER CASE

ACCUSED TO BE HANGED.

JUDGE DISAGREES WITH ASSESSORS.

(From our Corrspondent.)

LUCKNOW, Aug. 14.

Mr. F. B. Sherring, Sessions Judge, delivered judgment in the political murder case, in which Sushil Chandra Lahir, a Bengali graduate, aged about 27, stood charged with conspiring with one Nripendranath Chakravarti *alias* Shambhu Dayal, to murder Vinayakrao Kaple *alias* Satyen *alias* Babu, an absconding accused in the Benares conspiracy case. His honour disagreeing with the verdict of the assessors, convicted the accused and sentenced him to death.

STRAIGHTFORWARD EVIDENCE.

In the course of his judgment he said:—Both Tejendra Mohan Gohsh and Shankar Lal gave their evedence in a very straightforward and convincing manner. Both the witnesses were cross examined at a very great length and most minutely, and they both gave their replies without hesitation If their evedence is believed there can be no doubt of the guilt of the accused. The two assessors are not satisfied with the evidence of these two witnesses and in their opinion the prosecution have not proved the case against the accused. I disagree with the two assessors. There is, as already pointed out the very important fact that both these witnesses by their demeanour showed that they were speaking in a straightforward manner and were apparently anxious to tell the truth. The accused has not put forward any case of his own to explain how the charge of murder has been brought against him. He has practically declined to make any statement at all. This, in my opinion, is a most significant fact. Again there is a considerable amount of very important evidence to corroborate both Tejendra and Shankar Lal.

NOT NECESSARY TO PROVE MOTIVE.

Continuing, the judge said the two assessors say that they do not consider that the prosecution has succeeded in proving any motive for the murder. It is not necessary for a motive to be proved by the prosecution in the present case. However there is oral evedence, which is corroborated by documents, to prove that the accused and Vinayka had quarrelted just before the murder. Shankar Lal says that the accused told him that Vinayak was misappropriating the party funds. The accused was evidently anxious to disarm Vinayak and when he learnt that the deceased and Tejendra had come to Lucknow he and Nripendra took firearms and proceeded to search for them and shot at them at once on finding them. The motives suggested by Tejendra as influencing the accused seem reasonable, and I do not consider that the prosecution can be blamed if they have not been able to produce any further evidence as to motive. Motive is always a matter of inference and in such a case, as the present, when the accused and the deceased and their friends are all members of a revolutionary party and are living in a very abnormal manner it is not impossible that murder should be committed on motives which amongst ordinary members of a society would not cause so serious a crime even to be thought of.

SENTENCE.

In conclusion the judge said from what has been said above it is clear that there is reliable evidence to show that the accused and the deceased and Tejendra and Nripendra were all members of the revolutionary party. They were all very closely connected. They constantly visited each other. There was a dispute between them at the begirning of February 1918. The two witnesses Tejendra and Shankar Lal have been corroborated on so many important points and in such details that in my opinion it is perfectly safe to accept their evidence as to the actual facts of the murder. I believe that it is proved that the accused and Nripendra murdered the deceased. I consider that although the accused did not actually fire a shot he is just as much guilty of the murder of Vinayak as Nripendra, who is absconding. I can find no mitigating circumstances of any sort in favour of the accused. I therefore, sentence him to be hanged by the neck until he be dead. This sentence is subject to confirmation by the Hon. Court of the Judicial Commissioner where the record of this case will be sent. The accused is informed if he wishes to appeal he must do so within seven days.

JUDGE'S REMARKS.

Before closing this judgment I will note that the state of things in both the Dayanand Arya Vedic School, Aligarh, and in the Church Mission School, Lucknow, is far from satisfactory. In both the schools it is found that the students are admitted under applications which are not properly verified. Revolutionary politics are indulged in, persons connected with the two institutions are found to be post boxes of violent revolutionary criminals. I hope that early steps will be taken to put an end to this unsatisfactory state of things in both these institutions.

"HOOLIGANISM AT WORLI."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Re: the case reported in your columns of to-day's issue, I may say that a well known mill jobber has all along been backing the loafers, who created a reign of terror in Worli on the 1st instant. This man is well known to the Police, as he is a great Dada of the Lower Parel Section. I see no reason, why it is so very difficult for the Police constables to arrest the loafers, who are still at large. The man power of the loafers could better be utilized in Mesopotamia in killing the enemy. It is now time for the Commissioner of Police to interfere and set the C.I.D. on the track of the yet unarrested hooligans, the prominent men among whom are well known to the Police.—Yours, etc.,

S. K. P.

Worli Aug. 13.

BUST OF SIR P. M. MEHTA.

UNVEILED AT BIPON CLUB.

"PHEROZESHAH'S SERVICES NEEDED TO-DAY."

At the Ripon Club last evening a marble bust of its founder, the late Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, was unveiled by Sir Jamshedji Jijibhoy. The bust which is the work of Signor Paolo Triscornia of Carrara, cost some Rs. 2,350 and is an excellent likeness.

Mr. C. M. Cursetji, in asking Sir Jamsetji to unveil the bust, said after the death of Sir Pherozeshah a special meeting of the Club was called to express the loss suffered by the Club by his death and it was proposed that the Club should do something to keep a permanent memorial of Sir Pherozeshah. Accordingly a sum of Rs. 2,571 wos collected and it was thought that they should have a bust instead of a portrait. They wanted to give the order to the well-known Indian sculptor Mr. J. K. Mhatre, but the figure he quoted was Rs. 3,000, which after much trouble he reduced to Rs. 2,850. The bust was, therefore, ordered from Italy at a cost of Rs. 2,350. There had been a long delay in getting it down to Bombay from Europe owing to the war. He then asked Sir Jamsetji to unveil the bust.

SIR JAMSETJI JIJIBHOY.

Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, in unveiling the bust, said:—It is with somewhat mingled feelings that we are gathered here this evening. The occasion is one of sorrow in that it reminds us more acutely than ever of the great loss which we have sustained in the death of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta. The occasion is also one of rejoicing, because we are discharging to-day a solemn obligation and are paying a fitting tribute to the memory of the illustrious founder of our Club. Ladies and gentlemen, to a gathering like this it is not necessary to say very much about the personality of the late Sir Pherozeshah. Many of those present here knew him more or less closely, for he was extremely sociable, and no words of mine are needed to convey to you an estimate of his charcter and career. I wish to say a few words however, about his lnog connection with this institution. Sir Pherozeshah more than a generation ago, in 1884 to be more exact—funded the club to supply a long-felt want. It was in his own words "to form a beneficial nucleus of healthy social enjoyment and promoting social activities in more ways than one." He gave the institution the name of the illustrious statesman whose memory is cherished to this day by millions of our countrymen, and whose epoch-making Viceroyalty had just then closed amidst remarkable demonstrations of popular affection and esteem (Applause.) Besides promoting social intercourse, the Club was intended in a secondary sense to advance the cause of political reform, by bringing together men of liberal views on a common platform. In conformity with this aim, the institution has given banquets and receptions in honour of many of our most distinguished friends and political workers, both Englishmen and Indians. This has been one of the most useful and popular features of life in our Club. All throughout his connection with it Sir Pherozeshah was the life and soul of the place and the chief director of its social and semi-political activities. To-day the institution has thriven and prospered beyond any one's expectations and it would have rejoiced the heart of Sir Pherozeshah to watch the increasing success of his scheme of early years. (Here, Here).

MAGNITUDE OF THE LOSS.

Ladies and gentlemen, it is three years since Sir Pherozeshah passed away to the profound sorrow of his countrymen. Great things have happened during this short but memorable period, and we are on the eve of immense political changes. How greatly his personality would have dominated and moulded the situation it is unnecessary to say (Hear, hear.) Never did India need the services of her masterful leader more urgently than at the present moment. (Hear, Hear.) Never did India realise more keenly than she is doing in these somewhat disjointed times, the greatness of the man she has lost at the most critical period of her history. His death has been in every sense of the word a national loss, and time can only serve to accentuate the gap he has left in our public life. We are proud to claim such a man as the founder of our Club, and in erecting his bust amongst us we are paying a fitting tribute to a great Parsi and a great Indian, whom all India delighted to honour. (Applause.) Ladies and gentlemen, I now declare the bust open and I am sure you will agree with me it is an excellent likeness.

With a vote of thanks to the chairman the proceedings came to an end.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

Albert Morrow, the great magician, and his company proved an enormous success at the Palace of Varieties last week, and there is no doubt that the new programme, commencing to-night, will prove as great an attraction as the preceding one. The inimitable Morrow, will appear in a new and complete change of programme, and will present a rapid series of most startling and original surprises, introducing Miss Dorris Lee, the mental telepathist, who will tell you anything you ask her. Morrow is the master of his art, and it is sure to prove a clever and entertaining display. Gordon Forbes, the great ventriloquist, who made such a great hit last week, and who proved himself one of the very best exponents of the art he possesses will appear in a new act this week, in a wonderful mimicry imitation of cats, dogs, birds, lions, etc. With humourous Edward Lupin at the piano and C. Morris and Miss Norah Moore, for singing and dancing the programme must attract any theatre goer.

POONA RACES.

FOURTH EXTRA MEETING

(To be run on Wednesday the 21st instant.)

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 14.

THE SANDHURST PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr. E. Ramshaw's Poignant.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's Radiant.
Mr. J. P. Chwpen's One.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Primrose Morn.
Mr. C. N. Wadia's Valance.
Mr. C. N. Wadia's Mazboot.
Messrs. R. D. Sethna and Frank's Francis Armand.
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's Philanthropist.
H. H. the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's Buskin.
Mr. Summer's Heford.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Verge.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Tagamor.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Baronvale.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Forward.
Mr. Kelso's De Two.
Mr. R. S. S.'s Cyanite.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Charcoal.
Mr. Guthrie's Sampir.
Mr. J. Stewart's Antracite.
Mr. Summer's Oros.
Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee's Triple Alliance.

THE PATIALA PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Mr. N. Begmahomed's Aubrey.
Mr. Heman's Bally Apple.
Mr. Heman's Sarfaraz Survey.
Khan Bahadur A Soy's Discarded.
Mr. R. D. Sethna's Sugar Cane.
Mr. R. D. Sethna's Esme.
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's Black Stone.
Mr. M. Goculdas's R. G. M.
Mr. Ghorpade's Maiden Palm.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Black Friar.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Sugar Palm.
Mr. J. Stewart's Kestrel II.
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore's Maple.
H. H. Maharaja of Patiala's Red Duke.
Sirdir Sant Singh's Chhachhi.
Mr. A. Beedham's Amphytrion.

THE LOHAGAON PLATE.—Distance furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's Tammooz.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Baloz.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Four Aces.
H. H the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's Union Jack.
Mr. S. N. Mahomed's Ace of Hearts.
Mr. S. N. Ace of Hearts.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Nawabzada.
Messrs. A. R. Dakeel's Defender.
Mr. A. R. Dakeel's Equator.
Mr. N. Jehangir's Saidan.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Ace of Royals.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Durban.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Gazal.
Mr. Saleh Moosa's Justice.
Mr. Moosa's Justice.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Peacemaker.
Mr. K. Cassumbhoy's Tawdry.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Dartmoor.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Vellard.
Mr. Fahad bin Saif's Aladdin.
Messrs. Noble and Bennett's Warminster.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's Red.
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Solar Star.

THE ASCOT PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mrs. J. L. Ainsworth's Little Nan.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's Carpentia.
Messrs. E. C. Ramshaw and A. Nanjee's Pantomime II.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's Vanity Box.
Messrs. R. R. Sethna and Frank's Foolish Fancy.
Mr. Bennett's Dorian.
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's Dress.
Mr. P. M. Garda's Normania.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Bedspread.
Mr. Downe's Stop Watch.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's Athlete.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Forfeit Lass.
Messrs. M. Goculdas's and F. M. Garda's Fire Fineh.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Redspear.
Mr. F. A. Tarrant's Happy Land.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Black [illegible]ard.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Dun [illegible]nite.
[illegible]nsaey.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Bandit.
Mr. Heath's Orleff.
Mr. Heath's Royal Band.
Capt. P. Bannet's Louviers d'Or.
Mr. Guthrie's All Silk.
Aga Coochick Shah's Binfield Grove.

THE AUNDH PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Captain J. Lynch's Jennie Cree
Mr. Pitt's Mintspear.
Mr. Pitt's Impecunious.
Mrs. D. C. Robinson's Dollet.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Fine Trout.
Mr. Pine's Penny Pie.
Mrs. C. Bleach's Hoppner.
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's Merry Mabel.
Mr. F. M. Garda's Country Lad.
Mr. G. Molini's Peach Melba.
Mr. Toogood's South Star.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Dyna.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Sunglare.
Messrs. J. K. Irani and George's King's Head.
Messrs. J. K. Irani and George's Arlos.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Spearwood.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Johnnie H.
Mr. Heath's Lady James.
Mr. Heath's Lucky Thought.
Mr. T. M. Thadden's Sospello.
Mr. T. M Thadden's Balira.
Mr. Guthrie's Andoversford.
Mr. Guthrie's Renette.
Mr. Guthrie's Feegle Lady.
Mr. Guthrie's Meridian.
Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee's Lucky Queen.

THE ELPHINSTONE PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Captain J. Lynch's Gay Lad.
Mr. N. Begmahomed's Bright Bird.
Mr. Pitt's Servian.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Decorum.
Mr. Pine's Penny Pie.
Mr. P. A. Stewart's Cheriton.
Mr. Summer's Flotelle.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Cherry and Black.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Symptoms.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Spearwood.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Johnnie H.
Mr. Heath's Lucky Tower.

THE SATARA PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Major Khusru Jung Bahadur's Amir Aswad.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's The Knut.
Mr. Goolam Esmail's Powerful.
Mr. H. W. Dixon's Bill Bailey.
Mr. Aali bin Talib's Muedunia.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Jawad.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Tazilmulook.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Resold.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Mitigation.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Astir.
Mr. M. Goculdas's Abba.
Mr. Pine's Conscription.
Mr. Palliser's Apab.
Mr. Syed Rashid's Competition.
Mr. A. F. Brigstocke's Subeh Parsha.
Mr. Selim's Contest.
Mr. Ebrahim bin Zajd's Investor.
Mr. S. R. Mahomed's Najdi.
Mr. S. N. Mahomed's Ace of Health.
Mr. S. N. Mahomed's Resident.
Mr. Yusuff Haroon's Raven.
Mr. Rambhoy Kashibhoy's Hurman.
Mr. Reuben Solomon's Dictate.
Mr. A. R. Dakeel's Equator.
Mr. A. R. Dakeel's Saood.
Mr. A. R. Dakeel's Rajputana.
Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali's Hatham.
Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali's Financier.
Mr. N. Jehangir's Ata Allah.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Gazal.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Dandelion.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's Devildom.
Mr. R. H Gahagan's Royal Taj.
Mr. Dudley's Cessation.
Mr. Dudley's Barrage.
Mr. Simon's Boxer.
Mr. Pasu Malsee's Repeater.
Mr. Nasir Rajmahomed's Port Arthur.
Mr. George's Bhookhri.
Mr. Heman's Otherwise.
Mr. Saleh Moosah's Justice.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Osprey.
Messrs. K. Cassumbhoy Yussuff Sheriff's Abdul Karim.
Mr. K. Cassumbhoy's Shatra 13-4.
Mr. Aspandiar Ardeshir's Bayonet 14-0.
Capt. R. C. H. Padfield's Early Bird. 14.
Mr. S. Jamsetjee Karimer's and Haji Ali Khaderi's Hadoor.

CRICKET IN POONA.

LORD WILLINGDON'S XI V. COOCH BEHAR. XI

BRILLIANT FEATS BY TARRANT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Aug. 13.

With two wickets to follow and score only 90 against 219 put up by Lord Willingdon's team it seemed almost a foregone conclusion last night that the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's eleven were in for the innings defeat. Whatever opinions the spectators may have entertained, however, they were destined to be rudely dispelled to-day when Tarrant, the Australian professional came off in an unusually brilliant fashion. Overnight Tarrant claimed 29 as his contribution towards his side's score. Going in at 11-40 this morning Tarrant remained at the wicket with the usual interval for lunch till nearly 3-45 p.m. He lost assistance of Aikut at 3-30. Cooch Behar's score stood at 263 when the closure came Tarrant claiming an unfinished innings of 182 as his share.

Lord Willingdon's eleven went in for the second time at about 4 p.m. when a drawn game became inevitable. They scored 132 for 5 wickets and then put their opponents in second time. Cooch Behar now had to make 87 runs to win, obviously an impossible task with only half an hour left at their disposal. They lost four wickets for 22 runs before the stumps were drawn.

Scores:—

LORD WILLINGDON'S XI.

First Innings.

Major Goldie c Prince Gaekwad b Tarrant	64
Mr Kirkwood l-b-w Tarrant	13
P Vithal l-b-w Tarrant	0
D K Kapadia b Tarrant	13
Syed Ali Mirza l-b-w Tarrant	0
Yusuf Beg (not out)	34
Capt Laverton c Das b Tarrant	15
P J Chinoy b Tarrant	5
Capt Rigby c Bannerji b Tarrant	0
S Majoni b Tarrant	14
Daruwala b Tarrant	0
Extras	23
Total	219

Second Innings.

Major Goldie b Tarrant	1
Kirkwood b Lee	4
Kapadia b S. Ghose	0
Capt. Laverton c and b Prince Gaekwad	34
Vithal not out	26
Syed Mirza not out	37
Extras	11
	8
*Total	132

*Innings declared closed.

MAHARAJA OF COOCH BEHAR'S XI.

First Innings.

H W Lee l-b-w Daruwala	10
B Mukerjee b Daruwalla	1
M Das c Chinoy b Daruwala	4
P Bannerji b Joshi	12
Tarrant (not out)	182
Prince Gaekwad b Joshi	0
Prince H Narayan c Laverton b Joshi	10
S Bose b Joshi	8
Aikut run out	5
Sailen Ghose b Joshi	1
Extras	30
Total	263

Second Innings.

Tarrant not out	8
Lee c Kirkwood b Joshi	0
B. Mukerjee at Chinoy b Joshi	7
P. Ghose run out	1
Prince Gaekwad b Daruwala	1
Extras	5
Total (for 4 wkts.)	22

BOMBAY'S WATER SUPPLY.

NEW FILTERING PLANT AT TULSI.

A meeting of the Municipal Standing Committee was held yesterday, Dr. S. S. Batliwalla presiding when consideration was given to a letter from the Municipal Commissioner stating:—

"I have the honour to refer to Corporation Resolution approving of an estimate amounting to Rs. 3,09,500 for construction of mechanical filters at Tulsi, and sanctioning a grant of Rs. 1,50,000 (as an advance from Surplus Cash Balance) towards the cost of the work. As regards the two tenders for the filtering plant, both the tenders guarantee the same standard of purity. The Paterson plant complete with buildings will cost only Rs. 2,527 more to construct than the Jewell, but will cost less to maintain than the Jewell plant. I recommend that the tender for the Paterson plant be accepted, and request the sanction of the Standing Committee to a contract being entered into with Messrs. Jessop and Co., Ltd.

The letter was forwarded to the Corporation for their information.

INDIAN POST OFFICE ACT.

AMENDMENT NOTIFIED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 13.

An amendment in the Indian Post Office Act is notified reducing the maximum weight of private letters for places in the United Kingdom, Europe, or the United States to eight ounces unless addressed to a member of his Majesty's Army or Navy, also prohibiting the inclusion of Colombo rcuts for corresponding parcels.

Mr. H. Jamsetjee Karimer and Haji Ali Kaderi's Satara
Mr. R. R. S.'s Natal. 13-3½.
Mr. Ahmed Hazemy's Dowlat.
Messrs. Heath and Ahmed Hazemy's Investment.
Mr. Hasan Madar's Crescent 13-3½.
Mr. Nasim Saleh's Black Ivory.
Mr. Menesche Shahin's Harrington 14-0.
Messrs. M. T. F. Shaffi's Safwat.
Mr. Mahmood Shirazee's Cingalee
Mr. Fahad bin Saif's Alladin.
Mr. Fahad bin Saif's Sir Martin.
Messrs. Noble and Bennett's Balloon.
Messrs. Noble and Bennett's Warminster.
Mr. Mahomed Ebrahim's Morning Light.
Mr. Mahomed Ebrahim's Angler.
Messrs Pine and Bennett's Second String.
Mr. Bennett's Gold Mine.
Mr. Valibhoy Esmail's Chatham.
Nawab Afsur Yar Jung's Kurdistan.
Mrs. Dara Cowasjee's Quantity.
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's Sultan.

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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

H. J. AMIN.—We cannot take notice of letters published in the journal you mention.

J. M. THANAWALLA.—You should consult a lawyer.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Thursday, 15th August, 1918.

COMMUNAL REPRESENTATION.

Sir Valetine Chirol, who needs no introduction to the Indian public, seems to be alive and kicking. He has written a letter to "The Times," advocating communal representation, not forgetting to pour vials of wrath on the head of the Chitpawan Brahmins, the particular friends of the valiant knight. He has also referred to the Rowlatt Committee, as was to be expected. In three of the four division of the Bombay Presidency the Chitpawan Brahmin is non-existent and Sir Valentine's astute game of trying to serve his political purpose under cover of attacking him cannot succeed. If we mistake not, the Committee itself has acknowledged the services rendered to Government by many Chitpawan Brahmins and even now many of them are in the honourable service of Government. To attack a community in this slip-shod manner may be politically expedient but Sir Valentine, who has already left behind him in India acute racial and communal hatred, need not have been in a hurry to add fuel to the fire from England. Communal representation is one of the lost causes, but Sir Valentine could have argued the case for it without resorting to a contemptible attack on the Chitpawan Brahmin. The evidence placed before the Rowlatt Committee was quite untested and one-sided. The Committee seems to have spent some days in Lahore. Before making wide and irresponsible attacks on Chitpawan Brahmins, it could have come over to Poona and called for independent evidence, but it does not seem to have done so.

Sir Valentine at least had no excuse to follow the Rowlatt Committee's Report. He wants the country to adopt communal representation in order to save the Deccan ryot from the ascendency of the Chitpawan Brahmin. This is an idle bogey created by self-seekers. What the Deccan ryot, or for the matter of that anybody, wants to protect himself is a vote and not a comfortable seat in the council by the back-door. Adequate representation of the lower classes will be secured by the extention of the franchise to them. No Government can go further in its own interests and the interests of the country. It should be remembered that the clamour is raised only by the alleged representatives of certain communities which are in no sense backward, which are numerically the strongest, which are bound to be represented in the Councils on a wide or a narrow franchise and which have not only a numerous population but also a solidvoting strenth. The problem as it stands does not at all affect Sind and Gujarat. Lingayats in the Karantak and Marathas in Maharashtra are strong enough to maintain their position in the country without any extraneous help. Under no system of franchise, much less under a broad franchise, devised to give an opportunity to one and all to come in, can they be kept out of the Council. The tirades against Brahmins, which even Sir S. P. Sinha was led to condemn, can do no good and will be of no use in prospering the cause of communal representation. Sir Valentine has referred to Mahomedans. "If so powerful a minority as the Mahomedans are quite rightly allowed communal representation, can it be denied to the humbler classes of the Hindus?" Happily, Sir Theodore Morison has answered Sir Valentine on this question. While recognizing the usefulness of the principle so far as Mahomedan representation is concerned, Sir Theodore says it is incapable of indefinite extension. He urges that the communal representation of all sections now demanding it would be an injustice to the politically unawakened classes and urges proportional representation. Both Sir Valentine and Sir Theodore have overlooked the cardinal difference between the case of Mahomeddans and that of sub-divisions of Hindus. Mahomedans are in a perpetual minority in most of the provinces of India and they stand, as a class, much more removed from Hindus than the subdivisions of Hindus from one another. We have already made it clear that the compact between the Hindus and Mahomedans stands and, as is evidenced by the recent debate in the United Provinces Legislative Council, the country does not desire to resile from it, despite the temptations offered by Mr. Montagu. But at the same time the nation does not wish for further sub-divisions. There would be no end to the process and it is curious to note that the disease has affected even Europeans in India. Just as Mahomedans and Jains in Malabar have adopted *Aliya Santana* law, Europeans in India also want communal representation. We do not want a museum of castes and communities in our councils. We want men who can claim to represent the whole nation and would really do it. Caste representatives in Council, even if an ingenious device could be found to suit the thousand and one castes, would lower the tone of the Council decidedly.

It is curious that communities which enjoy actually a majority of votes in a particular constituency want communal representation because they are afraid their own voters will vote for men belonging to other communities. If, indeed, they were sure of such a non-sectarian feeling, nothing would be more gladdening. For we do not want council elections to be held on caste lines. Indian should vote for Indian as such without any qualification of class or creed, as Sir Theodore suggests. We have not the least doubt that we shall eventually reach such an electoral system and we do not want to bar the door to Indian unity by dividing India into rigid caste compartments. Some admit that communal representation is a curse but they would like to have it, just for a few days, to be eventually abolished. On this point we hold decided views. There is no use in philandering with it. Once it is granted, it will stick to us throughout. It can never be removed hereafter. It will take deep root in the soil of India which is already too much caste-ridden and warp the healthy growth of Indian Nationalism.

AN INDIAN'S HOME.

We have already dealt with certain sections of the Municipal Act having a direct bearing on the Municipal case, so indiscreetly instituted by the Municipality against Dr. Sukhia under the Indian Penal Code. The matter, however, is one of great importance to the public and we have not exhausted it. We now have to deal with the section of the Municipal Act which empowers the Commissioner to enter the premises used as dwelling houses *under certain safeguards protecting the private rights of citizens.* The only section with which it is necessary to deal at length is Section 488 of the Municipal Act, to which we have previously referred. That section provides for cases where the Commissioner may enter into buildings and dwelling houses. Sub Clause (b) provides as follows:—

"Except when it is in this Act otherwise expressly provided no building which is used as a dwelling house shall be so entered unless with the consent of the occupier thereof without giving the said occupier not less than 24 hours' previous *written* notice of the intention to make such entry."

This is a very wholesome safeguard which, like all other safeguards of the Municipal Act, seems to be honoured more in the breach it than in the observance by the Municipal authorities. It is quite clear that Section 422 does not "expressly provide for an entry into a building which is used as a dwelling," so that a proviso of this nature cannot allow Section 422 to override Section 488. If Section 422 had specifically dealt with the case of the entry into a place used for human dwelling that would have been another matter. The llearned magistrate, however, has taken the opposite and rather strange view If that view is correct we once more urge that the matter is of sufficient importance for the legislature to amend the Act and for the Municipal Corporators to take up this public question and have the matter rectified without delay.

Provisions (c) and (d) of this section are also of very great importance, *viz.*, they provide that

"*Sufficient* notice shall *in every instance* be given even when any premises may otherwise be entered without notice to enable the inmates of any apartment appropriated to females to remove to some part of the premises where their privacy need not be disturbed."

The Municipal authorities actually contended that the knocking at the door of a house was enough warning to the females of the house to withdraw from the apartment! That is reducing the phraseology of the Act to absurdity. The legislature obviously meant some other notice than mere knocking at the outer door of the premises, otherwise it would be impossible for the ladies of the house to take previous measures not to be either in the house, if the whole house is to be visited by the Municipal officers, or to retire to some other room if a particular room is to be visited. Sub-clause (d) of Section 488 says that "due regard shall *always* be had to the social and religious usages of the premises entered." In this case we see no reason to disbelieve the evidence that religious ceremonies were going on in the house at the time, and we regret the magistrate found otherwise. But what is of grave importance is that the Municipal officer in charge of this case, who went to the house of the accused on the 11th May, admitted in the witness box that he had absolutely no knowledge of the religious and social customs of the Parsis nor did he trouble to inquire whether the day was a Parsi holiday, as it actually was If ever the wholesome provisions of an Act were broken and treated with contempt by public servants, it was so in this case.

We would emphasise what happened in a similar case in England (referred to in our last article) where the judge who tried the case took the proper view, viz., "that the freedom and liberty of the subject were more than the dignity of the Municipal officers." In that case the information was preferred by the Consett Herbert District Council against a man named Crawford, charging him with unlawfully and wilfully obstructing certain members of the Council, while duly employed in the execution of their duty under the Public Health Act of 1875. The circumstances were as follows:—

The District Council passed a resolution that their district should be inspected in pursuance of Section 92 of the English Act by a Committee to consist of the full Council. In pursuance of this, certain of the Councillors went into a yard of the premises belonging to Mr. Crawford in respect of which premises a notice to abate nuisance had been given to Mr. Crawford. Mr. Crawford was not then present and permission to enter was not asked for or obtained. He arrived shortly afterwards and having ascertained that the Councillors were in his yard he closed the door, put a padlock on and locked some of them in and also kept some of them out who wanted also to enter. The case was tried for obstructing public servants in the performance of their duty and Lord Alverston, Chief Justice, and Wills J., before whom the matter came in revision on behalf of the said Municipality, (as Mr. Crawford was acquitted in the lower Court,) stated that the question was how did Section 102. reasonably construed, apply to the circumstances of the case and with reasonable construction of the Act the Court held that the Municipality was bound to give reasonable notice of the entry and acquitted the accused.

It is interesting and instructive to note the view the English Judges there took of the question of public safety and of public right. Taking the law as it stands into consideration, it seems to us clear that there was no duty imposed by any Act on the Municipal officers to disinfect the house, no authority given to them to enter a dwelling house without due notice, and no duty imposed upon the occupier or owner to allow the Municipal officers to go in and disinfect without notice, or while prayers were going on. And where there is no duty on the one hand or obligation on the other, there can be no breach of the duty. We go further and say that the Municipal officers were trespassers and the learned magistrate ought to have held the offenders so. It is essential in the interest of public freedom and the sanctity of a man's home that this position should be clearly established.

THE INCOME-TAX TROUBLE.

The mercantile community of Bombay is greatly perturbed by the penal provisions of the new Income Tax Act that has now been brought home to individual assessees by the notices served this month by unregistered book-post by the Collector of Income Tax for the City of Bombay. Great dissatisfaction with these drastic provisions is being expressed on all sides and the Indian Merchants' Chamber of Commerce and the Piece-Goods Merchants' Association have already taken up the matter. The returns are to be submitted within a month under the Bombay rules and the matter has thus assumed an urgent form. It is as regrettable that the Indian public is so slow to move in these matters as that the Indian Government are not sufficiently careful to consult beforehand the wishes of those concerned by a broadcast publication of such oppressively radical changes in the administrative provisions of a fiscal Act, in a style simple enough for laymen to understand.

The draft-bill was published in English in the "Gazette of India" on 27th October, 1917, and we drew attention to it in these columns on 5th December, proposing some amendments for consideration. It was re-published in English in the "Bombay Government Gazette" the next day and in the Bombay vernaculars the next week. It was also published in other vernaculars throughout India in the various official Gazettes between the 20th December and 22nd January. The Bill finally was passed into law on the 19th March and came into force on the 1st of April. Meanwhile we again drew attention to the penal provisions of the Act and commented on them in detail in our issue of the 14th March, the day on which the Bill passed its third reading in the Legislative Council of India. At the time that article was published the Select Committee's report was not to hand, but even then we strongly objected to these provisions being allowed to go on the statute-book and urged that even if they were allowed to pass into law, their strict enforcement would have to be restrained under executive instructions and the Act would have to be amended in the near future. The Act was published in the "Gazette of India" on the 23rd of March but copies ran short immediately and the Act was not available again till the beginning of May. In the Bombay Presidency the vernacular translation of the Act was not published till the 4th of July and the rules and forms under the Act till the 1st instant. Meanwhile, in a large district town the super-tax forms were put into use to call for income returns for the tax of the current year from the very first day of April, even before copies of the new Act had reached the districts. In the City of Bombay the notices under the Act were served after the publication of the rules this month and the dissatisfaction, both here and in large towns up-country, is very great, now that the hitherto ignorant merchants are brought face to face with the penal powers over-hanging returns that may happen to turn out false, though unintentionally so.

We have no doubt the wealthy merchants can very well take care of themselves under proper legal advice, but they would do well to move the Government of India to amend the Act on some such lines as suggested in these columns, at the very next session of the Council and meanwhile to suspend the operation of these penal provisions. One thing more the wealthy merchants might very well do at the same time in the interest of their poor employees and others. Among the proposed amendments some provisions should be made for abatements as under the English law. The present scale of abatements on small incomes in England is as under:—

Total income not exceeding.	Corresponding in England.	Abatement. Corresponding in India.
	£	Rs.
(Total exemption).	130	1,000
400	120	800
600	100	700
700	70	500

A further abatement of £25 (Rs. 375 in India) per child under 16 years is allowed on incomes below £500. The necessity for such an abatement is greater in Indian joint families with widows and minors. It may be argued that the revenue from Income Tax will be much reduced by such abatements, but we think the new provisions for the declaration of incomes by assessees will yield a much larger revenue than the budgetted amount, even though these abatements be immediately passed into law and put in force from the commencement of the current financial year. As a war measure new taxes will be under consideration next month before the Indian Legislative Council and as a war measure, too, the high prices and the famine conditions would warrant the passing of such provisions into law at any early date.

Notes of the Day.

...The Madras Moderates.

A telegram received yesterday from an authoritative source in Madras states that the Madras Moderates have refused to attend the so-called Moderate Conference, to be held in Calcutta, and have sent a telegram of protest to the promoters. They have also intimated that they propose to join the Special Congress in Bombay. At this rate it looks as though the much boosted Conference will ultimately be found to be mainly composed of those who have called it!

Russian Menace Against Germany.

The state of affairs in Russia is tersely summed up in the statement of Reuter's representative in Moscow that the situation in that city is uncertain. There is, however, enough evidence contained in the scrappy and confused information that is available, to demonstrate that the inevitable nemesis is overtaking the German tyrants and their Russian tools, who between themselves have brought that great country to its present miserable condition. The gloomiest deductions which the German papers are drawing regarding the situation in Russia from the removal of the German embassy to Pskoff perhaps shows the extent of the Russian menace against Germany.

The Coup d' Etat.

A telegram received on Wednesday morning said:—

The papers state that when von Helfferich went to Moscow, he found the Bolshevik rule tottering and fled before the staff of the Embassy left because he was afraid of his life. The papers describe both Moscow and Petrograd as being vigorously patrolled by police and troops with guns and machine guns. Everywhere there is anticipation of a "coup d' etat."

The *coup d' etat* has come. A later telegram states that the counter-revolutionaries, if they are not actually in control, are undoubtedly gaining the upper hand. The latest report via Berlin, the reliability of which cannot be questioned, is that Lenin and Trotzky have fled to Kroonstadt. The rapidity with which the counter-movement is progressing may be judged from the fact that these two arch-dupes of their Prussian taskmasters have found even the latter place unsafe for themselves. The cause and the motive of this counter-movement are not difficult to find.

A Rallying Point.

They are best indicated in the rueful comments of the "Vossische Zeitung" which, after making the significant admission that the shifting of the Embassy to Pskoff is a retreat from Russia, observes: "although Russia is torn by civil war she is still able to find energy and unanimity to tear up the Brest-Litovsk treaty." The forces which make up this movement may not be as organised as may be desired, but the ruling motive inspiring them is the same, namely, a revolt against the betrayal of the country by the Brest-Litovsk treaty and its continued ruthless exploitation thereafter. The heart of Russia, in short, is sound and it is anticipated that the fall of Lenin and Trotzky may provide a rallying point for the whole country.

Dr. Nair's Medical Certificate.

As will be seen from an Associated Press message from Madras published elsewhere, the local Government, in reply to a question regarding Dr. Nair's medical certificate, said that it was signed by a member of the Indian Medical Service, but declined to publish it as it was "a confidential document." It is a plausible enough plea, and ordinarily no one would wish or bother to subject a medical certificate to undue scrutiny. The curiosity shown by the Madras Councillor who put the question, however, is abundantly justified, and the Madras Government have themselves to thank for having forfeited the confidence of the public. We shall revert to this discreditable episode on another occasion.

"The Firebrand of Yesterday."

V. R. S. writes.—"Your remark in to-day's article on 'Political Nomenclature' that 'the firebrand of yesterday is the detached Moderate of to-day' reminds me of the election days of 1895 when Mr. Chimanlal Setalvad was a candidate for the local Legislative Council from the Municipalities of the Northern Division. The Hon. Mr. G. K. Parekh was then also a candidate for the Council and Mr. Setalvad's attempt was to get into the Council in his place. Mr. Setalvad was very young and a fiery politician then. In the competition between the two, the subordinate Government officials tried to influence the voters to elect Mr. Parekh and the people, especially Dr. M. G. Deshmukh, worked hard for Mr. Setalvad. "Moderates" and "Extremists" were terms then unknown. We knew only of the "Experienced" and the "Firebrand". Mr. Goculdas Parekh was hailed and trotted out by the subordinate Government officials as the "Experienced" and Mr. Setalvad was put down as a "Firebrand." Mr. Setalvad's agitation for the increase of pay to the teachers of the Primary Schools had made him unpopular with the Government and he was stamped as a "Firebrand." Thus mainly through the influence of Dr. Deshmukh and the then young men working for him, Mr. Setalvad was sent into the Council as the "Firebrand" of the people. One Government medical servant who was himself a voter from a municipality and who had a high respect for Dr. Deshmukh, wrote after the election that Dr Deshmukh had grown mad since he had left the Government service, as he used his great influence in the Thana District in ousting from the Legislative Council the "Experienced" Mr. Parekh and putting in a young lad without even a moustache, who had no experience whatever and who was merely a "Frebrand." And so "the "Firebrand" of yesterday is the detached "Moderate" of to-day."

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon witnessed the Cricket Match his Excellency's XI Vs H. H. the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's XI on the Gymkhana Ground on Tuesday and were present at luncheon with the teams. Their Excellencies were present at a concert held in aid of the Willingdon Soldiers' Club at the Gymkhana Club on Tuesday evening.

LASSIGN

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LO
Recd. 2-

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evacuations are inevitable
soon as the artillery can be
will be under fire and road
whole network of roads aro
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The Lassigny Massif was th
old German positions in the wh
now that the hinge has burst
angle must yield. This effect s
to materialise within 48 hours.
Experts state that evacuation of
be expected very soon as the town
cross fire.

THE LASSIGNY MASSIF.

FRENCH PRACTICALLY REACH THE CREST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 13.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Aug. 14.

Reuter learns that the French have almost
reached the crest of the Lassigny Massi
which they now command, although the Ger
mans still retain the highest point in t
north-east corner. It will take the Fren
some time to work down the far side an
get up artillery when the enemy's commu
nications with Roye will be under fi
Full developments are therefore not imme
diately expected.

ENEMY'S DESPERATE EFFORT FOR SAINT-CLAUDE FARM.

HEAVY CAPTURES OF LASSIGNY BATTLE

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Aug. 13, 10-10 p.m.
Recd. 4 p.m., Aug. 14.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters telegraphing this afternoon, says:—

The enemy is desperately clinging to the western and southern edges of the Thiescourt hills between Lassigny and the Oise. T key to the whole position is the Saint-Cl farm on the hill 600 feet high just ea Nareuilla-Motte, dominating the wh gion. The French on the 12th ga footing on the crest further north, Gury and Bois de Loges. The hold the line of the old entrenchm ed with machine-guns.

The capture of the Bois de L morning of the 12th, was carri magnificent dash, but the Ger attacking in the afternoon, part of the wood.

Several thousands of prison taken by the French since 8 cluding three colonels. They taken over 200 guns including 1,600 machine-guns, a great minenwerfer and other booty. ber of prisoners and guns capture hourly.

EFFECTIVE FRENCH AIR WO

The French air bombing s rons played a most effective in the battle, taking over role of heavy guns and receiving inform from swift scouting machines hoverin the enemy lines. Prior to the great on Lassigny one of our air scouts no dense columns of men and transport po ing through the village towards the fro and the French sent 121 planes to att them. Twenty-seven tons of bombs we dropped on the Germans in the streets Lassigny. Men and horses were killed an fires started. Streets were blocked with wrecked wagons and the march of the German columns was retarded for hours.

SITUATION ON LASSIGNY RIDGE.

VIGOROUS FIGHTING ON VESLE FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 13, 10-10 p.m.
Recd. 4-25 p.m., Aug. 14.

Reuter learns this evening that the French are now consolidating the gains on the Lassigny ridge although the latest news indicates that the Germans still hold one point of it. Hitherto thirty-three German divisions have been indetified in the present battle of which thirteen belong to the enemy's

of the Day

in:—
said that the preliminary
ouse of Commons on the
gu Report was particular-
well-informed. Probab-
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But Sir J. D. Rees
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it mean? The Indian
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ore than the Calcutta Club
is Babu Surendra Nath's
speaking. Babu Pritwish
ocket borough. After the
ion of over 75 gentlemen,
known members of the High
Calcutta who were proposed
as members, last January, this
became a close corporation. Its
the opinion of a small and incon-
terie.

Paper.

India." Sir Michael O'Dwyer, in-
immortality, has extended his au-
over the Presidency of Madras, and
ers that "New India" should not be sent
the Panjab. He did not even show the
rdinary courtesy to the Governor of Mad-
as, of sending his order through the Mad-
as Government. Towever, that is no busi-
ess of ours. Twelve letters have accord-
ingly been sent to the Secretary to H. E.
he Viceroy, to members of his Council, and
o the C.I.D., officers, stating that we are
nable to supply them with the copies or-
ered by them. It is obvious that Sir Mi-
ael O'Dwyer's order treats the promises
H. E. the Viceroy and the Rt. Hon.
e Secretary of State with contempt; they
romised free discussion of the Reforms.
t Sir Michael O'Dwyer will not permit
, and he is apparently allowed to trample
he pledges of his superiors in the mire.
But that, again, is a matter for them. If
they choose that Indians should be taught
to put no faith in Government promises, we
have no right to object.

Dr. Nair Unmuzzled.

The "New Times":—So Dr. Nair has been 'unmuzzled' at last! The old excuse of ill-health has vanished; the 'private' visit is developing into a political mission; and England becomes a safe asylum for attacks on the national movement. The Sydenham party has apparently scored a success, and is naturally anxious to make the most of Dr. Nair's visit. Addressing a meeting of members of Parliament on the instant, he criticised the Montagu-me on the plea that the 'system of indi-l voting for legislative councils must in excessive over—representation of ns. and that therefore there should munal representation. But, surely, ice communal representation would w a *divide-and-rule* policy. Bnt, ill not see the point if only to portunity to attack the much-in'.

nued from Column 2.

ing the opinion that the finan-ents proposed in the Report ctory and calculated to whittle ntrol of the Legislative Council and to embarrass unduly charge of transferred subjects he supply for reserved services ot have priority over transferred The resolution then embodied various. cations.

peakers in support of the resolution said weakest feature of the scheme was the posed arrangement about financial con-Occassions of friction would not be d. The mischief was due to giving rity to reserved services. The resolu-, however, suggested that the contribu-on to the Government of India should be first charge on the revenue, supply for provincial services, both reserved and transferred should be next secured, the con-tribution towards famine relief to be the third charge and of the surplus one-third would be at the disposal of the Governor in Council to be utilised for reserved services and two-thirds at the disposal of the Legis-lative Council for development of transferred subjects. The resolution was carried.

Several other matters of less interest were discussed and a resolution demanding the election of the president was defeated and another demanding that the vice-president should be non-official was carried. Resolu-tions demanding that the Governor should have no power to dissolve the meeting and providing for members to move for adjourn-ment to discuss urgent matters were passed. In the course of the debate Pandit Motilal Nehru withdrew several of his resolutions in view of the fate his previous resolutions had shared. The Council adjourned *sine die*.

Serial Story

THE HAMMERS OF HATE

BY GUY THORNE

(Author of "When it Was Dark," A Lost Cause," etc.)

(SPECIAL FOR "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.")

SYNOPSIS OF INSTALMENTS I & II.

TheMcGregor family have for many years owned a private dock at Liverpool, and on the death of his father, Ivor, now the last of the family, returns from his travels in the near East, to set the affairs of the dock in order. William Laing and John Blacow, two trusted lieutenants of his father, take him on board an old hulk which lies in the dock basin, and which has been fitted up with extreme luxury as a residence. They show to him a new substance which they call "rubber glass"—transparent, and of great toughness and resilience—the sole rights of the manufacture of which were in the possession of the elder Mr. McGregor. A letter tells Ivor that it was his father's wish that a submarine covered entirely with the transparent rubber glass should be made in secrecy in the dock, and offered to the Government. While Ivor is alone on the hulk that night a beautiful girl visits him. She asks his assistance in rescuing her brother, Sir Angus Saintsbury, from Ravenrock Island, on which she believes him to be confined by the Countess of Kyle, an unscrupulous woman. She also offers to finance the hasty completion of the invisible submarine, in order that with its help the island may more readily be approached and entered. Ivor agrees to her proposal. On going to call Margaret Saintsbury's man-servant, who is waiting in a boat by the side of the hulk, Ivor finds that the man has been strangled.

CHAPTER III.

By now the night was very still. The roar of the great city on the other side of the river had ceased. Now and then the deep note of a great liner coming in with the tide sounded like the bellowing of a distant bull. A few of the ship-yards were still at work, but the clang of metal came with a distant musical note. A little cool night breeze eddied upon the surface of the dock.

And Ivor McGregor stood looking down into the face of the dead man who lay in the little boat.

The match burnt his fingers, and he threw it away. It fell into the water with a hiss. He clung to the rail of the accommodation ladder with his left hand, swinging over the dinghy with a horrible sickness at his heart. It was not fear—he had been in too many perilous adventures for that—but it was a dreadful sickness and weariness such as he had never experienced before and which, if he had only known it, was but the reaction from the exultant moments he had just passed through.

"This won't do," he whispered to himself. "I must think, think."

Indeed, it was a horrible moment. Up above in the rich saloon now lighted by a single candle, Margaret Saintsbury was waiting. She was waiting for him to bring her faithful servant to her—this Donald Stewart who lay strangled by an unknown hand. There was not even time to wonder who had killed him. Ivor had to decide what to do while the second hand of his watch ticked half-way round the circle.

He must summon assistance at once; but whose? The answer was instantly forthcoming. Blacow and Laing were the only people upon whom he could depend—as far as he knew they were the only people sleeping within call. He straightened himself, and stood up on the lowest step of the ladder, almost on a level with the water. He stared round him helplessly. Everything was dark and mysterious. He did not know his way about his own possession. All he could see was the water of the basin, the black lines of the dock side, a gaunt steam crane or two stretching up amongst the sheds and buildings which formed the boundary of this little unknown world.

He made a sudden resolution, turned, and ran softly up the steps. Upon the deck, sheltered by the bulwark, his candle was still glowing with a dull yellow flame. He had put it down there before he descended the side. He caught it up and approached the hatchway leading down to the saloon. His hand trembled as it fell upon the knob of the door and he opened it to enter

Margaret Saintsbury was sitting where he had left her, sitting at the centre table on which the other candle stood. He could see her face quite distinctly in the circle of light, but as she rose to meet him he lost it.

"Is Donald ready, Mr. McGregor?"

His tongue clicked in his mouth. His throat went dry, he had to cough huskily before he could answer her.

"I am afraid he is not very well, Miss Saintsbury."

"He is there, you've seen him?"

"Yes, but I couldn't make him understand me." Here a sudden inspiration came to Ivor. "In fact, Miss Saintsbury," he said, "I am afraid that perhaps, well you know what it must be waiting. The best thing for me to do would be to ring for my men, Blacow and Laing."

He went up to the table with an easy—too easy—manner, and put down his candle on the table, turning towards the bell push as he did so.

Then for the second time that night, she came close to him. She took his arm and looked up into his face as if he had been a brother or an old friend.

"That's not true," she whispered, "you might hide anything from some people, but not from me. I have known you for two hours, but I feel as if I had known you all my life. Besides, I have got the Scot's gift of second sight."

She was clinging to him. The touch of her hands upon his sleeve thrilled through the tweed—thrilled all through him. It was only by a supreme effort that he did not take her in his arms then and there, kiss her, comfort her, and avow his passion. But he was a gentleman and forbore.

He made a sudden resolution. She was true steel, after all. They were embarked together in a perilous enterprise—how deeply perilous he realised for the first time—and he would tell her.

"Try and be calm," he said, "this isn't an ordinary night. You've endured a great deal to come here, I'm afraid you must endure still more. But let me tell you this," he added with a sudden note of passion in his voice, "if I was with you before, if my promise to you was sacred before, it is a thousand times more sacred now."

Her arms fell for a moment, her head bent, and a low, mournful wail resounded in the great room. Then she looked up.

"They've killed Donald," she said, "I am sure of it. He always said they would."

"Yes," Ivor answered gravely, "I went down to the boat and I found him lying there. There was no other boat about. The dock is dark and silent as a grave, there isn't a trace of who killed him."

"He was of our 'Clan,'" she answered mournfully, "the clan of Ben Scourie, the best and most faithful servant my dear father ever had—a good friend to me and to my brother. Aye," she cried, "and a good hater too! A good hater of the spawn o' Kyle but they've been too much for him, and he is died, my faithful Donal'. And Angus is in their power, and they'll hae him too."

Ivor took her by the shoulders and held her fast.

"Hush!" he said in a voice of command. "They'll not have you, and they'll not have Angus while I'm alive. You've enlisted under my banner now, and I'm the leader of the enterprise, and I'll shed my blood and throw my fortune into the depths of the sea before a hair of your head shall be harmed."

She vibrated to him as the string of a violin vibrates to the long-drawn bow. In the dusk that surrounded them he felt rather than saw the glitter in her eyes—though he heard the hard glittering resonance of her answering voice.

"It is revenge now?"

"To the very death."

She took three steps one way and three steps back, moving like a queen.

Then she stopped and held out her hands—her beautiful white hands with the long filbert nails, like the pink inside of a deep-sea shell.

"And what'll we do just now, Mr. McGregor," she asked, with a sob. "Eh, I shall be mourning for Donal', but this isn't the hour. What'll we do now?"

"There's only one thing to do. I must summon my two men at once. We must tell them everything, and then we must hold a council of war. Can you bear up, can you still bear up? It'll be dawn soon, and we must act quickly. You are surrounded by unseen enemies, and you must be surrounded by friends too. It is obvious that you have been followed here—else why would your man have been killed? But I'm talking and I should be doing,"—he went to the side of the room, and pressed the bell-push with all his might.

For fifteen seconds he kept his thumb upon it, released it, and then pressed again, and again and again in four-second jerks.

The fire in the saloon was out. For the first time, both he and she noticed that the cold air was creeping in. He bade her sit down upon a settee, flung her own wrap and his overcoat round her, bade her be brave, and hurried up on deck. He had hardly done so, and was anxiously peering over the side, when he heard a distant shout, a murmur of voices, and saw a sudden flash of light.

He gave a long low hail, and it was answered by a shrill whistle. Then straining his eyes out into the dark he seemed to see figures moving from where the light had been. In ten seconds more he was sure. The men were running and stumbling towards the side of the basin, and more than once a flash of light, low down, showed that one of them held an electric torch.

"Is that you, Blacow," he shouted over the water, his voice coming back with a strange haunting echo.

"It's me and Laing. Mr. Ivor. We heard the bell, it rings in our sleeping-room, but we can't switch on the light."

"Hush!" Ivor's voice hissed over the water. "Not so loud! something terrible has happened."

Another voice answered him. It was the Scotsman speaking. "The electric switchboard has been tampered with, Mr. McGregor, the whole dock is short circuited."

"I know,"—by this time the two running men had come to the concrete steps leading down into the basin.

"Don't make a sound more than you can help",—the young clear voice rang out. "The dinghy's gone from the steps. It is moored here, against the side. Have you another boat?"

"Yes, sir, in the outer dock."

"Then tumble into her at once, and scull here as hard as you can. I'll meet you at the bottom of the ladder, and whatever you do, don't make a sound."

A faint answering whistle came to him. He saw the two figures disappear again in the gloom, and he ran down into the saloon.

"It's all right," he said, putting his head into the doorway, "my men are roused and coming. They'll be here in two or three minutes. Can I do anything?"

The soft melodious voice came through the gloom. "I have perfect command of myself, now, and I am waiting."

It was nearly five minutes before a large and unwieldly boat crowled out of the dock, and came towards the hulk. Ivor was hanging over the dinghy in which the dead man lay, as the big boat glided towards the side.

"What is it, Mr. Ivor?" came from Blacow in a husky voice.

"Steady, Blacow, there's dead man in the dinghy, he has been murdered."

There was a sharp, hissing intake of the breath, and then an electric torch flashed out and shone full upon the face of the corpse.

Blacow gave a cry of alarm which rang in the still air, and Laing snatched the torch from his hand. The tall, gaunt form of the Scotchman bent over the dead man as both boats rocked and heaved. Then Laing spoke, very quietly, but with such an icy edge to the dropping words that Ivor shuddered as he stood.

"Donal' Stewart, my God, it is Donal' Stewart. We that was like brithers, Donal' of ma ain clan o' Ben Scourie."

There was a deep sob in the tall man's voice as he took out handkerchief and reverently covered the distorted, swollen face.

"You knew him, Laing", Ivor said steadily beyond measure.

"We were brought up together as boys. I was put to the engineering, and he began at Ben Scourie, and rose to be Factor to Sir Angus Saintsbury. I've not seen him for three years, but . . ." he broke off short. "Sir," he said, "what does this mean, there's been foul murder done here, and what was Donal' Stewart doing in the dock at dead of night?"

"You shall hear the answer to all that in a few moments. Pull yourself together. You are going to have a great surprise. Go on deck at once, both of you."

The two men stepped from their boat into the dinghy, and so gained the stairs, following Ivor to the deck."

"Light the way to the saloon with your torch, please, Mr. Laing", he said, "or no, give it to me, there's someone there. What's wrong with the light?"

"When your bell rang we could not get a light. At first I thought that it was an ordinary short circuit, but the main wire from the meter has been cut. It is in a shed close by where we sleep. We get our current from the Corporation, sir."

"And the same hands that murdered that poor chap down there," said Blacow solemnly, "cut our wire. Had not I be better going for the police?"

"I don't think you will find this a job for the police," Ivor answered. "but come down."

He switched on the torch, and then descended to the saloon. Ivor entered first and then Laing. The latter had not gone a yard into the room when he gave a shout and staggered like a man who has been shot. He had seen Margaret Saintsbury.

"It's the Laird's dochter. Save us a'! Gude guide us, but this is a fearsome nicht. It is Miss Saintsbury hersel'!" The man's teeth chattered in his head. He leaned against the wall panting, and the sweat ran down his face like rain. Blacow stood still as a stone, staring with open eyes at the beautiful vision before them.

"These are my two friends of whom I spoke," said Ivor. "Miss Saintsbury, Mr. Laing here knew the poor man who lies dead outside. He is a member of your own clan."

"It's William Laing!" the girl said, "well do I remember you as a girl, your father was my father's head gillie."

"I watched him teach you to catch your first grilse, missie," said Laing, in a trembling voice, and then to the astonishment of Blacow he walked forward, bent on one knee, took the girl's hand and proudly kissed it. His colleague, unused to such ancient feudal customs, whistled softly.

"Donald's dead, you know that, William", she said quickly.

"I've just come from looking on the puir lad's face, Miss Margaret, and—"

Suddenly he stopped, and turned and looked at Ivor. His face changed and grew hard.

"What does all this mean, Ivor Gregor McGregor," he said sternly, "as man to man? What's my young leddy doing here at deid o' nicht alone wi' you?" and he took a step nearer to Margaret, as if to protect her.

The girl laid a hand upon his shoulder. "It's all right, William," she said, "I came here of my own accord," and Mr. McGregor has treated me as few men would treat a girl who has done what I have done."

Then Ivor spoke. "Come and sit round the table," he said, "there's no time to be lost, dawn will be upon us before we are aware. Miss Saintsbury, have I your permission to tell everything to these friends and partners of mine."

"Tell them everthing, please."

They sat down.

"I know that I can trust you to the very end," Ivor began solemnly, "an hour or two ago you told me a strange story as ever a man heard, and I consented to go on with my father's work. Now, as Providence has willed it, you are to hear an even stranger story from me—a story Miss Saintsbury came here to tell me. She came in grave trouble to ask my help. I have sworn to give it her, and you are not the men I take you for, if you do not join me in an enterprise which is intimately concerned, not only with the success or failure of our ship, but also with Miss Saintsbury's life's happiness. Miss Saintsbury is going to advance the money at once to complete the boat with the utmost speed, of which brains, determination and energy, aided by unlimited financial resources are capable. Before I go farther, are you with me?"

"I'm of the clan of Ben Scourie," said Laing simply, "and I'm also your man, Mr. McGregor. If it was to be a divided allegiance, I'd no' say but what I'd be bound to Miss Saintsbury. But as I can serve you both—and I never thocht to see the day—you need ask nae mair."

Ivor turned to Blacow. That sturdy Lancastrian sat without a movement of his face. He was in dead earnest, but he was not emotional. He wanted these people to come to the point.

"What Bill Laing says, so says John Blacow," was his answer.

Margaret smiled sweetly but sadly too. "I have lost one friend and champion to-night," she said with a little shudder, "but I have gained three. William, this is Kyle work."

The Scotsman snarled like a dog. He was transformed. His red hair bristled, the pupils of his eyes narrowed to pin points, he shook with fury, and broke out into the pure Gaelic with a torrent of harsh, wild words.

Margaret lifted her hands. "Not now, not now," she said. "Mr. McGregor will tell you what we are going to do is to be done against the House of Kyle. Is not that enough for you?"

With an effort the man calmed himself. And then, without further interruption Ivor began his story.

He told it briefly and in curt, sailor-like phrases, but every word went home. There was no embroidery, nothing of emotion in his recital, but it gripped and held the two engineers in an extraordinary fashion. They neither moved, but Blacow's clean-shaved, bull-dog face set into hard lines until his features seemed chiselled out of marble, while his grey, steadfast eyes danced with excitement.

The tale took some fifteen minutes in the telling, and when it was over, and Ivor laid back in his chair with a sigh of relief—there was silence.

The Lancashire man broke it at length.

"May I never see St. George's Hall again, or launch a ship upon t' Mersey if we don't get that gradely lad oot of Ravenrock Island! Mester Ivor, theer's my hand upon it." He stretched out the great ribbed paw which served him in that capacity.

All the time that Ivor had been speaking he had also been thinking deeply. He came to the point now with his usual directness.

"Listen to me," he said, "what I have to say is of the utmost importance. Now that we are all in the same boat, and are Miss Saintsbury's men"—he bowed slightly to the girl as he said it, and for her part she had never seen such firmness and such grace of manner combined—"now that we are all Miss Saintsbury's men the work begins at once, from this very minute. First of all Miss Saintsbury must be taken back to the Adelphi Hotel, and she must be well guarded. We know that we are surrounded by powerful and unscrupulous enemies, who will stick at nothing. Who and what they are we can only guess."

There was a muttered growl from Laing, and the only distinguishable word was "Kyle."

"Very well then," said Ivor quickly, "we will take it that the agents of the Countess of Kyle are about us. Miss Saintsbury must be got home. I am quite sure we can manage that, especially as Miss Saintsbury and Fear are not on speaking terms. But there's a much more difficult problem before us."

"You mean the dead man, sir?" Blacow asked.

"Exactly. How did you see it, Blacow?"

Ivor was afterwards always glad that he had asked this question. Himself, he had no definite plan at all. In the tremendous excitement of the last hour he had come to no definite conclusion, but the shrewd common sense which is the heritage of those born in the Northern Counties, hit the bull with a flash of insight.

Blacow had grown calmer now. He relapsed into the ordinary English speech without a trace of dialect.

"You are quite right, sir," he said, "the body of Bill's poor friend is the crux of the whole situation. If we call in the police—as by law we are bound to—we should be hopelessly incriminated unless we told the absolute truth. And can we tell the truth? I say that we're so placed that we can't. If we did we should be simply playing into the hands of the enemy. We should give away the secret that has been kept in this dock for four years, and which is going to make Mr. Ivor one of the richest men in the world, and revolutionise modern industry."

"And worse," Laing broke in, "the whole world would know that my leddy was here alone at midnight. You forget that, Johnnie."

"I forget nothing, Bill. I was coming to it if you had waited, but I serve Mr. McGregor before all."

"And of course," Ivor interrupted, "if the police came and there was an enquiry, it would most certainly seal the fate of Sir Angus Saintsbury, who we believe to be a prisoner on Ravenrock. There's no help for it. We have all got to commit a crime."

"As far as I know, except for a little innocent smuggling," said Mr. Blacow, "I have committed no crime against the laws of my country yet. But I'm very ready for one now, what do you say, Bill?"

"I say that you and Mr. Ivor had better take my leddy home. I'll wrap up the body and put it into the petrol launch—we've got a fast decken motor-boat in the outer dock, sir. I'll run her up past Bootle, and up towards Blundell Sands. And tying some old metal round it, I'll drop it in the sea."

Ivor looked at Margaret Saintsbury.

"What do you say?" he asked.

She wrung her hands. Her face quivered with pain.

"I have not had time to realise it," she said, "I feel stunned. You'll never know what poor Donald was to my father and me. Oh, could we not take him to Ben Scourie, to lie among his own people? Where the wind blows over the heather by the dancing northern seas?"

Laing replied to her sorrowfully. "It cannot be, Miss Margaret," he said, "it's not practical in our present position. It would surely lead to discovery. No, I'll e'en bury my old friend myself, and take the risk of it. And as I commit his body to the deep, I'll say a bit prayer over him for you and for me."

"It's a fearful risk we are all running, but there's no other way out of it. We'll bring the murderers to justice yet, but in our own way, and in our own time. One thing is certain, they'll never denounce themselves. In the matter of the disposal of the body, we're safe from them."

"There's not a moment to be lost," said Laing rising, "I'll be off on my business."

"But I must see him, I must see him first! I must bid him farewell," Margaret wailed.

A vision came to Ivor of that distorted face down there at the ship's side.

"Miss Saintsbury," he said very gently, "believe me there are good reasons. Think of him as you knew him in life."

She understood, she bowed her head in her hands as Laing crept quietly out of the saloon. Blacow went with him. In a minute or two the latter returned, and they all three went up on deck. There was not a trace of Laing or the dinghy, with its grim burden. Getting into their boat, they pulled to the steps, Margaret explaining that a cab had been hired to wait any time in the yard of a public house some two hundred yards away. They went in silence, roused the driver, and were soon driving rapidly to the hotel in Birkenhead [illegible] Margaret engaged [illegible] night with her maid.

"I shall [illegible] first thing to-morrow morning," she said to Ivor as she took his hand, "will you call upon me about twelve, and remember to ask for Miss Barnes. Good-night, good-night."

Dead tired, suddenly exhausted by the extraordinary adventures of the night, Ivor almost stumbled back to the dock with Blacow. He went to the latter's hut, and almost immediately fell fast asleep. His last vision was of his companion's huge shoulders and of a great clean-shaved face, staring fixedly into the fire.

At twelve the next morning he was in the hall of the Adelphi Hotel, asking for Mrs. Van Fishe and her niece.

"They're gone, they left the hotel an hour ago," said the clerk in the reception bureau.

(To be continued next Sunday.)

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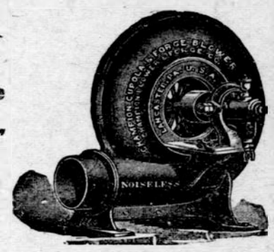

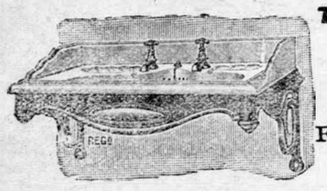

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THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 13.

The rain due to Bombay monsoon is still very stormy but the Bay current is extending up the Gangetic plain. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Malabar, North Madras coast, and local in upper Burma, Bengal, and Bihar and Orissa. A few falls also occurred in Assam, Central Provinces and Mysore. The principal amounts are: Mergui five inches, Moulmein two, Akyab three, Lashio two, Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri one and a half and Gopalpur three.

Forecast Extension in north of Bihar and Orissa and east of United Provinces.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA,

Bombay, 13th Aug. 1918

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.711 Inches
Temperature of Air	81.6 Deg
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.5 "
Dew Point	74.6 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.795 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	9.4 "
Maximum temperature of Air	84.6 "
Minimum do. do.	79.8 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W,WSW.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	296 Miles
Fall of Rain	0.10 Inch.
Total fall during month	1.54 "
Do. do. year	29.13 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 14th Aug. 1918	0.00 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time, Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

		HIGH WATER.				LOW WATER.			
Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time		Depth on Still.
	Aug.	h.	m	ft.	in.	Aug.	h.	m.	ft. in.
Wed.	14	m 3	21	24	10	14	m 8	57	20 5
		3	1a	25	4		9	40a	18 3
Thur	15	m 4	12	24	5	15	m 9	47	21 3
		3	45a	24	8		10	35a	18 6
Fri.	16	m 5	24	24	2	16	m 11	27	21 11
		4	48a	24	5		11	58a	18 6
Sat.	17	m 6	52	24	2	17		1	21a 21 9
		6	6a	23	11				
Sun.	18	m 8	24	25	2	18	m 1	7	18 2
		7	31a	24	8		2	20a	21 0
Mon.	19	m 9	18	26	2	19	m 2	15	17 5
		8	49a	25	7		3	23a	19 11
Tues.	20	m 10	0	27	8	20	m 3	9	16 7
		9	47a	26	2		4	8a	18 9

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

	Sunrise.	Sunset
Aug. 14 (Wednesday)	6h. 20m.	7h. 8m.
" 15 (Thursday)	6h. 20m.	7h. 7m.
" 16 (Friday)	6h. 20m.	7h. 7m.
" 17 (Saturday)	6h. 20m.	7h. 6m.
" 18 (Sunday)	6h. 21m.	7h. 6m.
" 19 (Monday)	6h. 21m.	7h. 5m.
" 20 (Tuesday)	6h. 21m.	7h. 4m.

Phases of the Moon:—

New Moon	7d.	1h.	59.6m.	a.m.
First Quarter	15d.	4h.	46.4m.	a.m.
Full Moon	22d.	10h.	32.8m.	a.m.
Last Quarter	29d	6h.	57.1m.	a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 14th August, 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear, and in the east and north Punjab the air is much drier than usual. Temperature is above the average except in the south-western districts, the excess being considerable during the day.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is locally below normal. Day temperature is moderately or considerably above the average; night temperature is also in excess except at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded except in lower Sind. Humidity is below normal in east Rajputana. Day temperature is in slight excess in upper Sind and in moderate excess in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is below the average except along the Kathiawar coast. Day temperature is above normal in Central India West, north Gujarat and at a few stations in Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Raipur reports 0.18in. of rain. Cloud has increased and skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is generally below normal. Day temperature is locally above the average in the west; night temperature is in excess at Chanda.

The Konkan.—Mormugao reports 1.05in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Hyderabad reports 0.26in. of rain. Cloud has increased and is now moderate to heavy. Humidity is below normal at a few stations in the Bombay Deccan. Day temperature is locally above the average.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar and local in the south Konkan, the Madras Deccan and north Hyderabad, while a few showers are also reported from the east of the Central Provinces; the largest amount is 1.05in. at Mormugao. There has been a further development in the favourable monsoon conditions. Day temperature continues high in the Punjab, the United Provinces and Rajputana.

Some extension of rain appears probable in the north of the Peninsula and in the United Provinces.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m., on WEDNESDAY, the 14th of August, 1918

STATIONS.	Temp in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Total, 1st June to date.	Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (13th Aug.)	96.0	84.2	79	..	..	..
Jask	100	68	7.2 51	..	..	—0.08
Do. (Aug.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	96.0	85.9	55	..	0	—0.17
Do. (18th Aug.)	90.7	84.3	59	..	..	—0 16
PUNJAB—						
Multan	103.7	82 7	69	..	1.20	—2.50
Rawalpindi	100.0	81 9	44	..	4.26	—9.62
Lahore	107.6	84.9	46	..	2.15	—7.37
Bikaner	106.	84.1	49	..	0.48	—6.89
Ambala	106.7	83.1	66	..	3.51	—12.55
Delhi	103.1	87.5	46	..	2.17	—12.65
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	103.1	86.8	44	..	3.13	—11.98
Mainpuri	102.5	82.8	82	..	2.08	—12.13
Jhansi	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cawnpore	103.8	84.8	70	..	5.25	—12.89
Allahabad	97.4	80.5	86	0.02	12.65	—8.43
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	103.9	78.6	67	..	0	—1.89
Karachi	82	07.5.9	87	..	0.0.	—4.88
Ajmer	94.6	75.8	71	..	1.82	—10 18
Jaipore	99.7	79.0	65	..	2.47	—10 96
Kotah	100.6	82.8	52	..	6.46	—9.40
Mount Abu	76.6	63.4	96	..	6.46	—31.55
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	90.4	78.3	78	..	0.14	—9.99
Dwarka	85.6	80.2	78	..	0.19	—10.56
Veraval	88.1	79.3	82	..	5.10	—7.94
Rajkot	94.1	76.2	65	..	6.01	—12.25
Bhavnagar Para	96.2	78.2	92	..	5.06	—9. 9
Surat	93.3	77.9	69	0.01	13.32	—15.96
Ahmedabad	99.0	77.6	69	..	3.15	—18.13
Deesa	99.6	76.1	69	..	3.33	—12.03
Neemuch	90 9	73.8	67	..	13.80	—3.39
Indore	87.1	73.7	69	..	8.65	—10.43
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	88.5	76.5	71	..	18.12	—16.10
Bangor	88.6	75.6	74	..	18.34	—9.05
Hoshangabad	89.1	78.8	76	..	13.24	—15.76
Khandwa	84.0	70.7	72	..	9.74	—7 10
Akola	91.3	76.4	72	..	7.84	—10 57
Amraoti	88.0	75.8	68	..	13.15	—5.78
Nagpur	88.	76.0	74	..	21.04	—6.76
Chanda	90.6	75 8	68	..	27.30	—3.16
Raipur	86.	75.9	87	0.18	46.70	+17.21
KONKAN—						
Bombay	84.6	80.1	83	0.09	16.67	—34.16
Ratnagiri	86.6	76.7	80	0.03	3 .66	—34 85
Marmugao	82.6	..	94	1.05	41.34	—30.64
Karwar	84.8	76.0	83	0.05	48.34	—40.61
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	89.2	73.4	60	..	2.80	—8.17
Ahmednagar	84	69.9	73	..	2.41	—7 65
Poona	81.6	70.9	83	..	2.25	—12 28
Sholapur	90.4	74.0	64	..	3.98	—7.11
Bijapur	91.	72.2	77	..	1.18	—5.78
Belgaum	75.3	65 7	95	0.08	11.17	—20.03
Aurangabad	86.4	70.3	79	..	5.88	—11.11
Nizamabad (Indur)	89.7	72.5	81	..	12.04	—8.71
Hyderabad	85.4	71.2	85	0.62	7.84	—8.31
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	86.0	72.4	90	0.67	43.59	—42.78
Calicut	88.0	74.1	93	0.29	38.76	—41.98
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Colombo	85.6	75.1	81	0.40	9.21	—5.46
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	88.1	75.8	94	0.08	8.30	—5.45
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Madras	97.7	75.1	65	..	3.43	—4.7
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Coimbatore	94.4	72.0	69	..	0.24	—5.59
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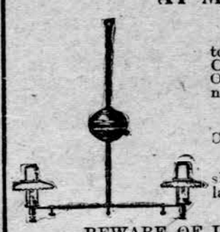

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